

# Sopaha Henesuh Jonathan Pendlebury





# ЕНГЛЕСКИ ЈЕЗИК

ЗА 5. РАЗРЕД ОСНОВНЕ ШКОЛЕ

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Министар просвете, науке и технолошког развоја Републике Србије, решењем број 650-02-00115/2018-07 од 27. априла 2018. године, одобрио је овај уџбеник за издавање и употребу у 5. разреду основне школе.

ISBN 978-86-17-19915-7

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CIP - Каталогизација у публикацији Народна библиотека Србије, Београд

37.016:811.111(075.2)

Ненезић, Зорана, 1946-Епјоуіпд English 5: енглески језик за 5. разред основне школе / Зорана Ненезић, Jonathan Pendlebury; [илустрације Милан Павловић, Милутин Поповић]. - 1. изд. - Београд: Завод за уџбенике, 2018 (Београд: Планета принт). - 111 стр.: илустр.; 27 ст + 1 електронски оптички диск (CD-ROM)

Тираж 3.000.

ISBN 978-86-17-19915-7 1. Пендлбери, Џонатан, 1975- [аутор]

COBISS.SR-ID 266377228





Meet Red and Bess, Meet Nick and Sue, Learn who they are, Learn what they do.

They are school friends,
And they're British.
With them you'll start
ENJOYING ENGLISH!





# **PLAN OF THE BOOK**

Unit		Reading	Grammar	Vocabulary		
<b>H</b> .	1.	Who are they?     Culture Crew:     Meet the Crew	• the verb 'to be'	• jobs and interests		
r - SCHOOL	2.	William's school     Culture Crew:     British schools	the present simple tense	<ul><li>school subjects</li><li>timetables</li></ul>		
William's story – SCHOOL LIFE	3.	A day at school     Culture Crew:     Sports in Britain	<ul> <li>the present simple tense with adverbs of frequency</li> <li>the present continuous tense</li> <li>object pronouns</li> <li>prepositions: at, to, in, for, from, with</li> </ul>	• school activities		
			Revision 1			
Y LIFE	4.	A short holiday     Culture Crew:     Cities in Britain	<ul> <li>'going to' for future plans</li> <li>the comparison of short adjectives</li> </ul>	towns and cities     housework		
Susan's story – FAMILY LIFE	5.	Susan's home     Culture Crew:     Unusual houses	<ul> <li>the comparison of long adjectives</li> <li>the plural of nouns</li> <li>there is / there are</li> </ul>	rooms and furniture     numbers		
Susan's s'	6.	Meet my family     Culture Crew:     Multi-cultural London	<ul> <li>the past simple tense of 'to be'</li> <li>the possessive 's</li> <li>have got / has got</li> </ul>	words describing people		
			Revision 2			
, FOOD	7.	What's the matter?     Culture Crew:     Health	<ul> <li>the past simple tense of 'have'</li> <li>the irregular comparison of adjectives</li> <li>some / any</li> </ul>	health problems		
s story – HEALTH, FOOD HES	8.	School dinners – yuck!     Culture Crew:     British Food	<ul> <li>the past simple tense of regular verbs</li> <li>adverbs: yesterday, last week</li> <li>adverbs: +ly / well</li> <li>can / can't</li> </ul>	<ul><li>restaurants</li><li>food</li><li>recipes</li></ul>		
Elizabeth's si AND CLOTHE	9.	Shopping     Culture Crew:     Shops in Britain /     Libraries	<ul> <li>the past simple tense of irregular verbs</li> <li>possessive pronouns</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>shops and shopping</li> <li>clothes and fashion</li> </ul>		
			Revision 3			
TIME, DAYS	10.	Nick's project     Culture Crew:     National Symbols	<ul> <li>articles</li> <li>must / mustn't</li> <li>have to / don't have to</li> <li>can / can't</li> </ul>	<ul><li>discoveries</li><li>countries and people</li><li>computer words</li></ul>		
Nick's story - FREE TIME, TRAVEL AND HOLIDAYS	11.	<ul><li>Promises! Promises!</li><li>Culture Crew: Transport in Britain</li></ul>	<ul> <li>the future simple tense</li> <li>adverbs: tomorrow, next year/ month, in future</li> </ul>	<ul><li>means of transport</li><li>the weather forecast</li><li>phrases with <i>look</i></li></ul>		
Nick's st TRAVEL	12.	Let's have a party!     Culture Crew:     Special days in Britain	<ul><li>would like</li><li>tense revision</li></ul>	<ul> <li>expressions with play</li> <li>music</li> <li>rhyming words</li> </ul>		
			Revision 4			

Your school card and you	Interests and skills	Giving personal information	
• A letter	Interviewing friends     Telling the time	Agreeing / Disagreeing	
Your PE lessons	School activities	• Expressing opinions	
Project: My	class		
A postcard	• Towns • Housework	Expressing future plans	
Your dream room	Describing houses and rooms	Comparing things	
Your favourite person	• Family and relatives	Describing people	
Project 2: My dre	eam home		
Your last illness	• Health • Meals	Giving advice     Expressing likes/dislikes	
A recipe	Food at home and in restaurants	Expressing ability	
How different are you now to when you were seven?	Shops and clothes for different occasions     Early childhood	Expressing likes/dislikes	
Project 3: Whe	n I was 7		
<ul> <li>Things you will and you won't do</li> <li>What must Nick do?</li> </ul>	Rules at home	<ul> <li>Asking for permission</li> <li>Expressing obligation</li> <li>Expressing prohibition</li> </ul>	
How different will you be in 2025?	The weather	Promising     Making predictions	
Your wishes for the summer holiday	What would you like to be when you grow up?	Expressing wishes	
	Your PE lessons      Project: My     A postcard      Your dream room      Your favourite person      Project 2: My dream     Your last illness      A recipe      How different are you now to when you were seven?      Project 3: When the seven the summer holiday  Your wishes for the summer holiday	Netter     Interviewing friends     Telling the time      Your PE lessons     School activities  Project: My class      Towns     Housework      Your dream room     Describing houses and rooms      Your favourite person     Family and relatives  Project 2: My dream home      Your last illness     Health     Meals      A recipe     Food at home and in restaurants      How different are you now to when you were seven?     Shops and clothes for different occasions     Early childhood  Project 3: When I was 7  Things you will and you won't do What must Nick do? How different will you be in 2025?  Your wishes for the summer holiday  Your wishes for the summer holiday  Your wishes for the summer holiday  What would you like to be when you grow	

# How much do you remember?

Hi! I'm Trevor. I'm 11 years old. I'm an English boy. I want to be your friend. You see, I'm very clever. I read a lot. I surf the Internet and I know everything. Everybody calls me Clever Trevor!



# Just to remind you!

- if you don't understand something, say:
  - I don't understand.
  - Sorry! Can you say that again?
  - What does mean?
- If you don't know how to say something in English, say:
  - How do you say \_\_\_\_\_ in English?
  - What is \_\_\_\_\_ in English?
- if you need help, say:
  - · Can you help me, please?







It means help you remember'.



# Can you ...

#### a) ... name?

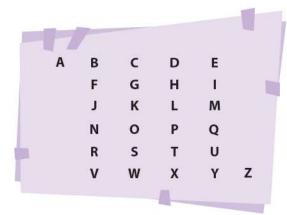
- · five things that start with 'B'
- five objects in the classroom
- five school subjects
- · five animals
- · five colours
- five things you like to eat
- · the days of the week
- · the months of the year

#### b) ... read this very fast?

· She sells sea shells on the sea shore!

#### c) ... read these rhyming letters?

A-J-K B-C-D-E-G-P-T-V I-Y Q-U-V



# d) ... read the message? Cross out the As and Bs!

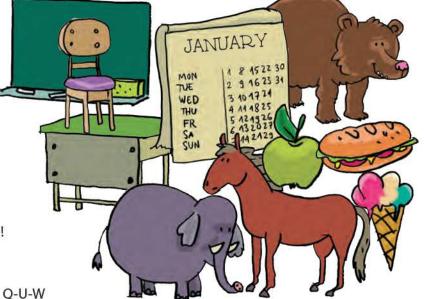
BENAJOAYIBNAG EBANAGALBISAH BIS AFUBAN

#### e) ... spell these words?

·book · school · pen · girl · boy

#### f) ... match the numbers and words?

- 1st the second
- 2<sup>nd</sup> the third
- 3<sup>rd</sup> the fifth
- 4<sup>th</sup> the first
- 5<sup>th</sup> the fourth



# g) ... read the numbers and say the next one?

- 23, 33, 43, 53, \_\_\_\_
- 16, 15, 14, 13, \_\_\_\_
- 100, 200, 300, 400, \_\_\_\_
- 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, \_\_\_\_
- 10<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup>, 12<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup>, \_\_\_

#### h) ... work this out?

 There are 5 apples in a bag.
 How can you give these five children an apple each and still have one apple in the bag?
 Answer: p. 100



# Who are you?

What's What's your your address? My name's Betty. name? I'm ten and a half. I'm from England. Is your house How old near or far are you? from your school? I haven't got a brother or a sister. My best friend is Jenny. My address is 29, How do Where are Baker Street. you go to you from? My house is far from school? my school. I go to school by bus. How many Where do friends have you live? you got? I live in Liverpool. My house is near my school. I walk to school. I'm in Year 5. My hobby is playing computer games. I like basketball best. My favourite subject is History. I'm good at Maths. I'm not so good at spelling. I've got a sister. My hobby is playing basketball. I'm in Year 7.

9 Who is your best friend?	What's your favourite subject?
What are you good at?	What are you not so good at?
What's your hobby?	Which sport do you like best?
12 What year are	16 Have you got a

Match the children's answers on page 8 to the questions. There is more than one answer to some of the questions!

Example: Have you got a brother or asister? I've got a sister.

- Choose three questions and ask your friend.
- 3 Pick a number, read the question and give a true answer.

Wow! More than
400 million people speak
English as a first
language in countries
like Great Britain,
the USA, Australia,
and parts of Canada.



### Write true sentences about you.

you in?

•	My name is		•
•	I am	_ years old.	
	My address is		•
	My house is		_ my school.
	I'm in Year	_•	
•	My favourite sub	ject is	
	I'm good at		•
	I'm not so good a	at	
	My hobby is		
	I've got		

I haven't got \_\_\_\_\_







UNIT A Who are they?

B Do you have a minute?

UNIT 2 - A William's school

8 Time and timetables

UNIT 3 - A A day at school

B Oh, no! A test!

## In Unit 1, you'll study:

- study the verb 'to be': am, is, are
- meet some new people
- talk about jobs and interests
- interview your friends

## In Unit 2, you'll study:

- the present simple
- adverbs: always, every day, every week
- telling the time
- school subjects and timetables
- how to write a letter

## In Unit 3, you'll study:

- the present simple tense
- adverbs: always, often, sometimes, usually, never
- the present continuous
- adverbs: now, at the moment
- prepositions: at, to, from, for, with
- object pronouns: me, you, him, her, it, us, them
- school activities

# UNIT IA Who are they?

Here we are at school again.
There are many new pupils and new teachers, too.

Let's meet some of them.







Hi. I'm William. My surname is

Potter. I'm Scottish. My nickname is Red because of my red hair. My parents often call me Billy. I don't like that - it's so babyish! I'm ten and a half. I love playing football and I'm the best goalkeeper in school. I'm interested in drawing and

painting. I hate History because there are so many dates to remember!



Hi! I'm Sue. My real name is Susan.

My surname is Smith. I'm English.

I'm eleven years old and I'm in

year seven. I love reading and I'm

interested in foreign countries. I'm

good at foreign languages. I don't

like Maths because it's very difficult.

#### Elizabeth Hopkins (11)

Hello! I'm Elizabeth Hopkins. I'm English. My friends call me Bess. My mother also calls me Bess, but when she is angry she calls me Elizabeth. I'm eleven and I love playing volleyball. I think it's fun. I also play the piano. I'm interested in number problems. I hate drawing and I'm bad at

#### Nicholas Taylor (11 1/2)

Hello! My name is Nicholas
Taylor, but everybody calls me
Nick. I'm English. I'm eleven
and a half and I'm in year seven.
I love playing computer games. I'm
also interested in studying maps and I
like finding new rivers and mountains.
I hate doing tests. They are so boring.





1. What is William's favourite subject?

2. What is Sue's favourite subject?

3. What is Elizabeth's favourite subject?

4. What is Nick's favourite subject?

Music/Art English/French Geography/Maths History/Geography



2 • Listen and check your answers.

#### **WORD BANK**

Scottish /'skɔtlʃ/ – из Шкотске
Scotland /'skɔtlənd/ – Шкотска
surname /'sɜ:neɪm/ – презиме
interested in /'intrəstɪd ɪn/ – заинтересован за
nickname /'nɪkneɪm/ – надимак
babyish /'beɪbi-ɪʃ/ – бебасто
boring /'bɔ:rɪŋ/ – досадан
foreign /'fɔrɪn/ – стран, страни
goalkeeper /'gəʊlki:pə(r)/ – голман
clipboard /'klɪpbɔ:d/ – блок



## Remember!

... play football ... ... play **the** piano ...

In some countries children start school at the age of six or seven. In Britain children start school at the age of five.

#### 2 Look at the texts on page 12 and complete the sentences.

I \_\_\_\_\_ interested in drawing. They \_\_\_\_\_ so boring. My nickname \_\_\_\_\_ Red.





#### The present simple tense 'to be' - am, is, are

#### positive

## am

He/she/it is We/you/they are

#### interrogative

Am 1? Is he/she/it? **Are** we/you/they?

#### negative

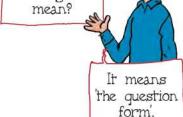
am not He/she/it is not We/you/they are not

What does interrogative

#### **Short forms:**

lam = l'mam not = 'm not he is = he's is not = isn't

we are = we're are not = aren't



sport



'Are you

good at

Maths?









Pick a footstep and complete the sentences.

#### You can use a footstep only once!

- 1. I \_\_\_\_ good at Maths.
- You \_\_\_ not a teacher.
- 3. \_\_\_ she interested in languages?
- 4. He is not good \_\_\_ music.
- 5. Is \_\_\_\_ from England?
- 6. We are not \_\_\_\_\_ at English.
- 7. Are you \_\_\_\_\_ Serbia?
- 8. They are interested sport.

#### **Team work**

- 1. How many sentences can you make? Example: She is from England.
- 2. How many questions can you ask? Example: Are you good at sport?
- 3. How many true sentences can you make? Example: I am interested in music.



Look! England + Scotland + Wales = Great Britain

Great Britain + Northern Ireland = the United Kingdom (UK)



# Do you have a minute?

#### Track 3

#### Listen before you read and answer the questions.

- 1. Is William famous at his school?
- 2. What is William's dream?



William and Susan are in the schoolyard. A TV reporter is there and many children are around him. The reporter wants to interview some pupils. They are excited!

William: What's the fuss about? Is it

about the new uniforms?

Sue: No! It's not! Look at the man with

a camera!

**William**: The tall one? Who is he? **Sue**: He's a TV reporter. He wants to

interview some pupils.

**William**: Oh, cool! Can I talk to him? I want to be on TV. I want to be famous.

Sue: But you're already famous. You're

the best goalkeeper in school.

**William**: Yes, I am. I'm famous at this school. But I'm not famous in Britain, in Europe, in America ...

Sue: Oh, you want to be world famous!

William: Of course!

Sue: Oh, come on. Stop boasting!

#### Answer the questions.

- 1. Are the pupils happy?
- 2. Is the fuss about the new uniforms?
- 3. Is William famous in Britain?

#### You are a reporter!

Write the questions for William's answers.

1.	What	_?
	My name is William Potter.	
2.	How	
	I'm thirteen years old.	
3.	Where	_?
	I'm from Scotland.	
4.	What	_?
	I'm good at football.	
5.	What	_?
	My favourite subject is History	

#### What do you think?

Are William's answers true? Which are not? Give the correct answers!

#### S Pair work

Find a partner. Look at pages 100 and 101. One of you is 'A' and the other is 'B'. Ask your partner questions and fill in his/her information below.

Name	Age
	YALK - J.C.
Nickname	
Country	2/03
Skills	<del></del>
Favourite subject _	

#### **WORD BANK**

fuss /fas/ – фрка
excited /ik'saitɪd/ – узбуђен
famous /'feiməs/ – славан
skill /skɪl/ – вештина
Britain /'brɪtn/ – Британија
Europe /'juərəp/ – Европа
age /eidʒ/ – узраст, године
America /ə'merɪkə/ – Америка
to boast /bəust/ – хвалисати се





Report

 is interested in playing basketball
is interested in playing the violin.
is interested in computer games.
dancing.
 painting.
cooking.

#### 7 Useful questions

Unscramble.

1. surname What's your?	?
2. nickname your What's?	?
3. old are How you?	?
4. are What year you in?	?
5. What good you are at?	?
6. are you What interested in?	?

## 8 Time for a chat

Now ask your friend the above questions and complete the table.

0	His/her surname is
0	THE BUILDING IS
0	nickname is
0	is years old.
0	is in year
0	is good at
0	is interested in
0	

Tell the class about your friend.





# Extra!

#### Look and say! Match a job to a picture.

- 1. a doctor
- 2. a singer
- 3. a teacher
- 4. a pilot
- 5. a policeman
- 6. an architect
- 7. a cook
- 8. a reporter
- 9. a footballer

### Remember!

a/an + job



Find and say what you like and what you hate doing.

runningsingingcookingreadingpaintingdancingjumpinglaughing



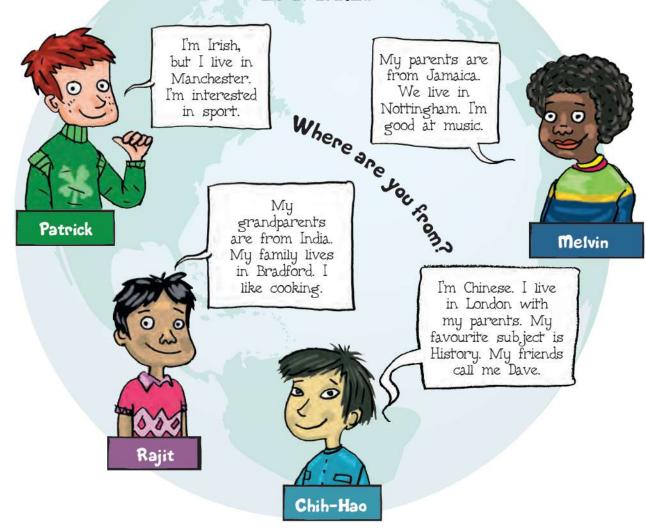
3 Read and say!
What are they interested in?

books cooking music art dancing sport chatting with friends computer games

Example: Kath is interested in computer games.



We're the Culture Crew. We'll tell you something about life in Britain.



# My Progress

How w	vell did you? Not very well OK Very well
learn do	'am, is, are' the names of jobs 'like/hate +ing' the team work exercise on page 13
	Unit 1 was boring OK interesting

# UNIT 2A William's School

Track 5

Read and answer.

Does William like his school? Why? Why not?

25 Baker Street Kingston KT 27JX ENGLAND 19<sup>th</sup> September

Dear Marko,

Thanks for your letter. Your school is so interesting! Do

you want to know about my school?

I go to Kingston Secondary school. In England, we start secondary school when we're 11. It's quite a big school and it's in the south of England, in London. It's a mixed school, for both boys and girls. You know, here in England, there are high schools only for boys and only for girls, but I don't think that's much fun. My cousin Claire studies at an all-girls school. She also goes to school on Saturday mornings. Poor her! She must travel to school by bus. Her house is a mile away from school. She's not very happy there, but she likes her school uniform.

We wear uniforms, too. My mother says that our uniforms are nice, but I don't think so! I prefer jeans and a

T-shirt. Does your school have uniforms?

Our classes start at half past eight and the lunch break is at one o'clock. It lasts for an hour. Afternoon classes end at half past three. After school, I go home by bus. Susan is lucky. Her house is near school so she walks home.

I must go now because I must do my homework.

Best wishes. William

Look! 1 mile = 1,760 yards = 1,601 metres

#### Read the letter again and answer the questions.

- 1. Where is William's school?
- 2. Does William like mixed schools?
- 3. Does Claire like her school?
- 4. What does William want to wear for school?
- 5. Do William and Susan go home together?

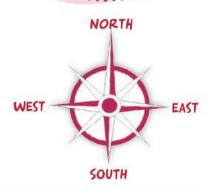
#### **3** Complete the table with a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) or a cross (x).

	goes to a mixed school	wears a uniform	goes to school on Saturdays	lives far from school
William				
Claire				
Susan				



# Useful language

Where is your town? It's in the north of Scotland



#### **WORD BANK**

prefer /pri'fə:/ – више волети last /lɑ:st/ – трајати Poor her! - Jaднa она! north /no:r $\theta$ /- cesep south /sauθ/- jyr east /i:st/ - исток west /west/ - запад British /'brɪtɪ∫/ – британски mixed school /mikst sku:l/ школа за дечаке и девојчице both /bəυθ/ – oбa, oбoje quite /kwaɪt/ – прилично secondary school /'sekənd(ə)ri sku:l/ – средња школа secondary school = high school

#### Remember!

all-girls school a school only for girls





### **S** Can you complete the sentences using William's letter?

■ I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Kingston school. ■ \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ to know about my school? \_\_\_\_\_ your school \_\_\_\_\_ uniforms? ■ I \_\_\_\_\_ think so. ■ It \_\_\_\_\_\_ for an hour.

## Grammar clipboard

The present simple tense								
positive		interrogative				negative		
have I/you/we/they He/she it		(What) (Why)		l/you we/they he/she/it			U.S	DON'T HAVE DOESN'T HAVE
like I/we/you /they He/she/it	LIKE	(How) (When)		l/ we/you/the he/she/it	MEN .		77 77 77 77	DO NOT LIKE DOES NOT LIKE

You use the present simple for habits or things that are true: always, sometimes, usually, often, never, every day..... > I always walk to school.

#### **Short forms:**

do not = don't

does not = doesn't

Do we have Maths today?



#### 6 Read this!

/s/ lasts , likes, thinks /z/ goes, lives, does, wears /ɪz/ studies, teaches, uses



#### 7 Pick a book and complete the sentences.

You can use a book only once!

1. I always walk to school. I \_\_\_\_\_ near school.

2. Helen thinks uniforms are nice. She \_\_\_\_\_ uniforms.

3. Claire lives far from school. She \_\_\_\_\_ to school by bus.

4. My sister and I live near school. \_\_\_\_\_ you live near school?

5. Nick and William like mixed schools.

They do \_\_\_\_\_ like all-boys schools.

#### 8 Team work

- How many sentences can you make from the words on the books? Example: She lives in England.
- 2. How many questions can you ask? Example: Do they like French?
- 3. How many true sentences can you make?

Example: I do not live in England.

This is me
in my school
uniform!
In many
British schools
pupils wear
uniforms.

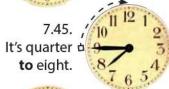


# UNIT 28 Time and timetables

Class: 7B

#### Look and read.







8.00. It's eight o'clock.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wed.
8.30 am		Assembly	7
8.45 am	Art	Science	Maths
9.45 am	English	PE	English
10.45-11.00 am		Break	
11.00 am	Maths	French	Science
12.00 pm	Maths	History	Religious Education
1.00 pm	Li	unch Breal	ર
2.00 pm	Geography	English	Design Technologi
2.45 pm	Music	Maths	Form time

End of School Day

Name: William Potter

past eight.

It's quarter past eight.





8.30. It's half past eiaht.

What time is it now? It's 11 am in Belgrade. It's 10 am in London. It's 5 am in New York.



3.30 pm

from midnight to noon from noon to midnight



Today is not William's favourite day because he has two Maths lessons in the morning.

William: What time is Maths today?

**Sue**: It starts at eleven and ends at one o'clock.

William: How many Maths lessons a week do we have? **Sue**: Let me see the timetable - one lesson every day and two on Thursday. We have Maths six times a week.

William: SIX times a week! That's TWENTY-FOUR times

a month! That's too much.

Sue: I don't think so. Maths is fun.

William: You say it's fun. I say it's boring.

**Sue**: You mean it's difficult. I know you're bad at Maths.

William: Claire says it's difficult, not me. I just don't

like numbers.

Sue: But numbers are important!

William: Do you want to know what is important?

Sue: What?

William: Football! Sue: Oh, you boys!

#### 2 Listen and choose the correct answer.

- 1. They have Maths five / six times a week.
- 2. Susan thinks Maths is fun / boring.
- 3. William thinks Maths is difficult / boring.
- 4. William thinks Art / football is important.

#### Now read the dialogue and answer the questions.

- 1. What day is it?
- 2. How many times do Susan and William have Maths every month?
- 3. What doesn't William like?
- 4. Why doesn't Claire like Maths?

#### **WORD BANK**

You mean... – Хоћеш да кажеш... divided by /di'vaidid bai/ – подељено са important /im'po:tənt/ - важан

#### **S** Look at Nick's timetable and answer the questions.

Name: Nicholas Taylor Class: 7B

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday		
8.30 am			Assembly				
8.45 am	Art	Science	Maths	English	History		
9.45 am	English	PE	English	Design Technology	Maths		
10.45-11.00 am	Break						
11.00 am	Maths	French	Science	Maths	Science		
12.00 pm	Maths	History	Religious Education	Maths	English		
1.00 pm			Lunch Break				
2.00 pm	Geography	English	Design Technology	Science	French		
2.45 pm	Music	Maths	Form time	PE	Form time		
3.30 pm		End of School Day					

- 1. Does he have Music on Monday?
- 2. What subjects does he have on Tuesday?
- 3. How many French lessons does he have on Friday?
- 4. What time is Geography on Monday?

#### 6 About you

- 1. What time does your English lesson start?
- 2. What time does your English lesson end?
- 3. How long does your English lesson last?

#### 7 Time for a chat

Complete the table and say what you think.

THE STATE OF THE S				46		Do you think English is	PSCHOOL AT
SUBJECT	interesting	boring	easy	difficult	important	important?	[SCHOOL]
History				1	1		
Geography			F 18/12		<b>2.3</b> 1	10 B 60	1000
Maths	1					Yes, I think	
English	The Park			<u> </u>		so!	No, I don't
Art	<b>第44</b>						think so.
Music				- 72			The state of the s

R	Interview	your friends	and comp	olete the	report.
_	The state of the s	Control Control of the Control of th	and the state of the same of t		The same of the sa

•	thinks History is	•	thinks English is

• \_\_\_\_\_\_ thinks Maths is \_\_\_\_\_. • \_\_\_\_\_ thinks Music is \_\_\_\_\_.





#### Match a clock to a child.





#### Match a subject with the words.

**English** 

Geography

History

Maths

Art

a. dates, kings, queensb. maps, places, rivers

c. divided by, times, numbers d. colours, pictures, paper

e. words, talking, language

#### 3 Can you work this out?

The English lesson starts at half past ten. The lesson lasts for 45 minutes. What time does it end? The answer is at the bottom of the page.





Do you like school uniforms? In England, a lot of children like uniforms. Many pupils wear modern uniforms, for example, a blue or grey jumper and jeans. Life is easy with uniforms — in the morning you don't think 'What can I wear today?' or 'My clothes aren't cool. Other children will laugh at me!'

In some private schools, pupils have very traditional uniforms. I'm happy I don't wear their uniforms. Look how funny they are!





In British schools, children leave primary school when they are 11. Then they go to secondary school. We have three long holidays - at Christmas, Easter and in the summer. We go to school all day from 9 o'clock until 3 or 4. In the morning,

we have 'assembly'

- all the pupils in the school are together and we sing songs and listen to the headteacher. We have lots of boring subjects, but also some good ones, like Computing, DT, French and German. We sometimes have after-school activities, like sport, music, computers, photography, and country dancing.





- A school uniform costs over £100 (about 110 euros).
- √ 70% of English children like going to school.
- British teenagers do homework for 11 hours every week.

#### **WORD BANK**

primary (school) /praɪməri/ – основна школа form teacher /fɔ:m ti:t [ə/ – разредни/а assembly /ə'sembli/ – збор headteacher /hedti:t [ə/ – директор школе

Computing /kəm' pjutin/ - информатика DT - Design and Tehnology - техничко образовање

How well	did you?	Not very well OK	Very well
lear	n to tell the time the present simple tense to write letters school subjects in Britain		
d	o the team work exercise on pag	ge 19	

UNIT 3A

A day at school



William is dreaming in the classroom. What is he thinking about? He is dreaming about football, of course.

> Hooray! It's Thursday, my favourite day! We have PE today! What a lovely day for it! When the weather is nice, we often go to the playground. The

boys usually play football and some of the girls play with us. They are quite good! Other girls play volleyball or badminton, but we never play with them. We sometimes go rowing, too.

When it rains, we are never outside. We always go to the gym and we play squash, climb ropes

and do gymnastics there. We often go swimming, too. There is a big swimming pool at our school.





Tick  $(\sqrt{ })$  the activities William mentions.

#### 2 Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

William's favourite day is Tuesday.

2. The weather is bad today. **T** 

3. The girls don't play football with the boys. **T** 

4. The boys sometimes play volleyball with the girls. **T** 

5. When it rains, they go to the gym. **T** 



3 (a) Listen and check your answers.

#### **WORD BANK**

PE /pi:i:/ Physical Education – физичко васпитање dream /dri:m/ – сањати row /rəʊ/ – веслати

squash /skwt∫/ – сквош, игра у којој се мања лоптица рекетом удара о зид do gymnastics /dʒɪm²næstɪks/ – радити гимнастику

#### 4 Complete the sentences using the text on page 24.

What a lovely day for \_\_\_\_! Some of the girls play with \_\_\_\_\_. We never play with \_\_\_\_\_.

G	rammaı	clipb	oard	
	Ob	ject pror	nouns	
	Î		me	
	you		you	
	he	to	him	
	she	from with	her	
	it	at	it	
	we	for	us	
	you		you	
	they		them	

5	Read	and	comp	lete.
	ILCON	dille	COIIIP	1000

- 1. You sing really well. Can I sing with \_\_\_\_\_?
- I think she likes Peter and Harry.She always looks at \_\_\_\_\_.
- Old people are interesting.
   I like talking to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Look at \_\_\_\_\_. She is from China.
- 5. He is Red. It is a good nickname for \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. We must listen. The teacher is talking to \_\_\_\_\_.

# Useful language

How often do you dream? sometimes I never dream.

How often are you sad? always I am never sad.

often

6	Pair work	
	Complete the table. How often do yo	ou

	never	sometimes	often	usually	always
go swimming					
play football					
do your homework					
climb ropes					
play computer games					
have breakfast					

#### Look at your partner's table and report.

	Example: I often go swimming.
:	He/she never climbs ropes.

# UNIT 38 Oh no! A test!



What is the teacher saying? Oh, no. We're having a Maths test today! Look! The teacher is counting the test papers and Sue is helping him. Now he's giving the papers to her. Some pupils have mobile phones. How clever! But, look! The teacher is taking their phones away from them. Now Sue is giving out the papers. Oh, God! Please let it be easy!

#### Read the text and answer.

- 1. Is William happy about the Maths test?
- 2. Who is helping the teacher?
- 3. Can pupils use mobile phones for their Maths test?



Elizabeth: What are you doing William?! Are

you trying to copy from me?

William: The problems are so difficult! Can you

help me, Bess?

Elizabeth: Oh, no, not again! You always want me to help you! You never practise enough. William: Please, please, Bess! I don't want to get a bad mark. You know I'm terrible at maths.

**Elizabeth**: Stop talking! The teacher is looking

at us. We're in trouble now!

Teacher: You two are cheating! Give me your

tests!

William and Elizabeth: We aren't cheating, sir!

#### Track 12

#### 2 Listen. Why is the teacher angry?

Pupils must turn off their mobile phones and keep them in their backpacks when they are in the classroom.



#### 3 What do you think? Explain.

Does William want to cheat?

#### **WORD BANK**

mobile /'məubail/ - мобилни take away - одузети give out - разделити enough /i'naf/ - довољно сору from - преписивати од... problem /'problem/ – проблем, мат. задатак practise /'præktis/- вежбати terrible /'terribl/ - ужасан cheat /t ſi:t/ - варати be in trouble /trabl/ - бити у невољи turn off /'ta:n of/ – искључити

#### Complete the sentences using the texts on page 26.

■ What \_\_\_\_\_ the teacher \_\_\_\_\_? ■ We \_\_\_\_\_\_ a maths test today!

■ 'We , sir!'

positive

# Grammar clipboard



#### The present continuous tense

## am sitting. He/she/it is sitting.

interrogative Am sitting? ls he/she/it sitting? We/you/they are sitting. Are you/we/they sitting?

am not sitting. He/she/it is not sitting. We/you/they are not sitting.

negative

You use the present continuous tense to describe something that is happening now, at the moment, today.

Short forms:

I am not = l'm not dreaming.

is not = He isn't/He's not dreaming.

are not = They aren't/They're not dreaming.

#### My mobile phone



#### Pick a word from the screen and complete the sentences.

You can use a word only once!

- 1. I'm busy! I am \_\_\_\_\_ on the phone now.
- 2. Look at Claire! \_\_\_\_\_\_ is playing with her friends.
- 3. Look at the cat! It is \_\_\_\_\_ my fish.
- 4. We are \_\_\_\_\_ in the park.
- 5. Stop talking! You are listening to me.
- What \_\_\_\_\_ the girls doing? They are reading.

#### **C** Team work

1. How many sentences can you make from the words on the screen?

Example: They are jumping.

- 2. How many questions can you ask? Example: Are you sleeping?
- 3. How many true sentences can you make? Example: I'm not walking.

#### What are your friends doing now?

17.19.11.11				
talking	sleeping	reading	writing n	nessages
laughing	dreaming	chewing gum	yawning	playing

#### Report to the class.

Example: \_\_\_\_\_ is talking.

UNIT 3c





I love sport and Britain is famous for football, but do you know these sports?

These men are playing cricket. We often play cricket at school in the summer. It is easy to play, but the rules are very difficult.



These girls aren't playing basketball. They're playing netball. Girls often play it in PE. It's different to basketball. You can't run with the ball.





This is polo. It is Prince Charles' favourite sport. Only rich people play and watch polo. You don't play it at school and it is never on TV.



These boys are playing rugby. We play rugby in winter.

#### Maths problems

Bob gets £5 a week pocket money. Alan gets £1 a week more pocket money than Bob, but £2 less than Claire. How much pocket money does Claire get?

There are eighteen pages in the book. There are three pictures on every page. How many pictures are there in the book?

In one room of a zoo there are two birds. three snakes and ten cats. How many eyes are there? How many legs are there?

Answer: p.100

There are seven children at home. Every Sunday they share fifty-six pancakes. How many pancakes does each child eat?

SONG Track 13

Mr Tate's a teacher He teaches all day long. He reads and writes And sometimes shouts And then he sings this song.

I'm a super teacher I teach all day long. I read and write And sometimes shout And then I sing this song.

Mrs Tate's an artist She draws all day long. She draws and paints And cleans her brush And then she sings this song.

I'm a super artist I draw all day long. I draw and paint And clean my brush And then I sing this song.

Crossword		1		2	8				3 P					ומול	9
The answers are all words	4		R			G		5 T	P			В		E	
from Units 1 - 3							6	-		1					
		*		K	-		G	2	С	2			<sup>7</sup> P		
			8		Т	9		S			D		3		
						U		11.3				1	10		
				М			11								
									E				ı		
		12 S				Р		13		1:	14	Ī			
	15		В					16		W		X			
	3.							-1			Х				
			1		17			2	18	R		Á	М		
Across	19		E	Α			Dow	'n						J	
4. Maths isn't inter	esting	j. It's _			(4		1. Thr	ee,	, fiv	e	4				
5. You are in		ı you c	ору.					Harolo		6-17-6		7	<b>y</b> .		
8. He's in bo								M			e a tes	t.			
10. I like painting -			100			<u>-</u>		: 10							
11. I like dates - my			-	IS				١				•			
15. Do you have a								nce, Ge		70					
16. We often go on the river.						ndon				Engl	and.				
17. Mrs Tate's								you					11		
18. l don't w												choo	i, with	boys	and girls.
19. l never v	vhen v	we hav	e a te	st.				e's bad							
		Ancur	orc. p	100			18	you	like	schoo	01?				-
-	1	Answe	ers. p	TOO											Ann

My Prog	ress	
How well did you?	Not very well OK	Very well
learn the present continuous object pronouns		
about British sports object pronouns		
do the team work exercise on p.	27	



#### A. What can you remember about William?

#### **QUIZ** Circle A or B and then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

	^	Ь
1. What's William's surname?	It's Potter.	It's Taylor.
2. What's his nickname?	It's Nick.	It's Red.
3. What's his nationality?	Scottish	English
4. What's his favourite subject?	It's Art.	It's History.
5. What's he interested in?	Dancing	Drawing
6. What does he love playing?	Badminton.	Football.
7. Does he wear a uniform?	Yes, he does.	No, he doesn't.
8. What time do his classes start?	At half past 8.	At half past 9.
9. What's his favourite day?	It's Tuesday.	It's Thursday.
10. Where does he have PE when it rains?	Outside	In the gym

#### Read the questions from the QUIZ and give full answers.

Example: His surname is Potter.

#### B. Check your grammar

#### 1 TO BE

#### Complete with am ('m), is ('s), are ('re).

- 1. I \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher.
- 2. He \_\_\_\_n't interested in music.
- 3. They \_\_\_\_\_n't good at swimming.
- 4. Are you a footballer? No, I \_\_\_ not.
- 5. Is Moira good at singing? Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_

#### 2 THE PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE -

#### Circle the right word and read the sentences.

- 1. William usually wear/wears white trainers.
- 2. The boys sometimes **play/plays** football with the girls.
- 3. They don't/doesn't play badminton every day.
- 4. Does he always **have/has** History at half past eight?
- 5. He doesn't/don't have Maths on Friday.

#### **3** THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

#### A. Complete with - ing form.

1. What are you	?(do)
-----------------	-------

- 2. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. (eat)
- 3. Is Tom \_\_\_\_\_ History now? (study)
- 4. No. He's a letter. (write)

#### B. Read the questions and give short answers.

1.	Is your teacher looking at you at the	
	moment? Yes,	
2.	Are you dreaming? No,	
3.	Is he copying from you?	
	Yes,	

4. Are the pupils writing now?

No, \_\_\_\_\_

#### **4** PRONOUNS

#### Complete with her, him, us, them, me.

- 1. She is so clever. I always study with \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. We must be quiet. The teacher is looking at
- 3. They are playing football. Let's play with
- 4. She is angry with Nick. She doesn't want to talk to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. Come to my house if you want to talk to .

#### C. Pronunciation – Find and write the sound /I/ /i:/ /æ/ /e/ /s/ /z/ /IZ/

str <u>ee</u> t	h <u>a</u> ve	tr <u>i</u> ck	r <u>e</u> d	wa <mark>l</mark> k <u>s</u>	wear <u>s</u>	teach <u>es</u>
m <u>ea</u> l	<u>a</u> t	s <u>i</u> t	fr <u>ie</u> nd	talk <u>s</u>	go <u>es</u>	watch <u>es</u>
f <u>ee</u> t	S <u>a</u> m	N <u>i</u> ck	w <u>ea</u> ther	like <u>s</u>	play <u>s</u>	studi <u>es</u>

#### D. Check your vocabulary

Maths, French, Geography, Music.

- 1. She's interested in maths problems. She's good at \_\_\_
- 2. She likes foreign languages. She's good at \_\_\_\_
- 3. She's interested in reading maps. She's good at
- 4. She loves singing. She's good at

#### What's the time? Read and match.

1. It's ten o'clock.	a) 7.45
2. It's quarter past nine.	b) 8.30
3. It's quarter to eight.	c) 9.15
4. It's half past eight.	d) 10.0

1 2 3 4	
---------	--

#### Complete the sentences with

teacher, farmer, reporter, singer, painter.

1. He works on	a farm.	
He's a		
2. He interviews		
He's a		
	band. She's a	
4. He paints bea	autifu <mark>lly.</mark>	
He's a		
5. She teaches s	students.	
Sho's a		

#### Complete with am or pm.

1. I have breakfast at 7.30	
2. We usually have dinner at 8.30	

# PROJECT 1

#### You need:

My class

a	big	sheet	of	paper	•	scissor

- coloured pencils glue
- coloured paper
- old magazines
- photos of pupils and teachers

#### 

- Work in groups of 6-10.
- Use coloured pencils to write the name of your school, the number of pupils in your class, the name of the class, and the date on a big sheet of paper.
- Each pupil can stick his/her photo onto the paper and write 4 sentences under the picture. Write your age, what you are interested in, what you are good at, and what your favourite sport and subject is.
- Ask one of your teachers for a photo, stick it onto the paper and write the name of your teacher and what subject he/she teaches.
- Write the names of all your subjects on strips of coloured paper and stick them onto the sheet of paper.
- Find pictures of classroom objects (e.g. boards, desks, rulers, pencil cases, sharpeners, books, notebooks) in your old magazines. Cut them out and stick them onto the sheet of paper. Show your poster to the class and talk about it.





# Susan's story Family life

UNIT 4 - A A short holiday

B Housework

UNIT 5 - A Susan's home

B English breakfast

UNIT 6 - A Meet my family

B Isn't he cute?

## In Unit 4, you'll study:

- adverbs: tonight, tomorrow, next week/month/year
- the comparison of short adjectives
- time expressions: once, twice, three times
- family life and housework

## In Unit 5, you'll study:

- the comparison of long adjectives
- the regular plural of nouns
- the irregular plural of nouns
- prepositions: above, under, behind
- ordinal numbers: the first, the second

## In Unit 6, you'll study:

- the past simple tense of 'to be': was / were
- adverbs: yesterday, three days ago, last week/month
- members of the same family: 'the Browns'





# A short holiday

#### Read and answer.

Read Susan's email to her Serbian penfriend about her holidays. Does she do the same things as you when she is on holiday?

From: Susan Smith

To: vera.tasic11@sezampro.rs

Dear Vera

Hooray, free at last! We have a short holiday from Monday - our half-term holiday. It's much shorter than the Christmas holiday, but I don't care. I always play a lot and visit my relatives. Oh, and I help my Mum with the housework. My Mum and I live in a wonderful flat in London. It's the biggest in our street.

My Dad lives in Liverpool and he comes to visit twice a month. I sometimes spend my holidays with my Dad in Liverpool. It's a big city, but much smaller than London. I like going there. My Dad takes me to the sea port and to the River Mersey. We visit different museums and he takes me to football matches, too. Liverpool has two football clubs and they are very famous. We often go to see horse races. I love horses. They're beautiful animals.

Bye for now. Write back ASAP, PLEASE! Your penfriend, Susan.



Are Susan's holidays exciting?

#### 3 Answer the questions.

- Is the half-term holiday a long holiday?
- 2. What does Susan do for her mother?
- 3. Does Susan live with her parents?
- 4. Does she live in a house?
- 5. How many times a month does she see her dad?

#### **WORD BANK**

half-term /ha:f t3:m/ – тромесечје I don't care! – Баш ме брига! wonderful /'wʌndəfəl/ – чаробан port /pɔ:t/ – лука report /rɪ'pɔ:t/ – извештај о оценама exciting /ɪk'saitɪŋ/ – узбудљив once /wʌns/ – једном twice /twaɪs/ – двапут ASAP – as soon as possible – што пре

#### 4 Can you guess?

1.	Is it the end of the school year?	YES	NO
2.	Does Sue study a lot when she is on holiday?	YES	NO
3.	Is Susan's flat the biggest in the street?	YES	NO
4.	Are there any museums in Liverpool?	YES	NO

Track 15

🗲 🕩 Listen and check your answers.

5. Is football popular in Liverpool?

# Useful language

How many times...?
I go swimming once a week.
She washes her hair twice a day.
We eat three times a day.



YES NO

Listen to this! In English schools, we have a one-week holiday every six weeks. We call it the half-term holiday.





- We have a \_\_\_\_\_ holiday from Monday.
- It's much \_\_\_\_\_\_ the Christmas holiday.
- It's in our street.

## Grammar clipboard



#### The comparison of short adjectives superlative positive comparative cold colder (than) the coldest the smallest small smaller (than) bigger (than) the biggest big the hottest hot hotter (than) lovely lovelier (than) the loveliest happier (than) the happiest happy

old → older / the oldest
happy → happier / the happiest

sad → sadder / the saddest



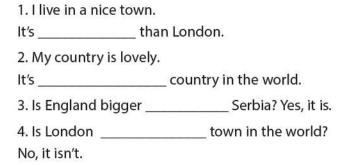
Spelling:

Words that describe everything around us.

#### 7 Choose and read.

- 1. London is bigger than/smaller than Belgrade.
- 2. Liverpool is bigger than/smaller than London.
- 3. London is the biggest/the smallest city in England.

# 8 Pick a phrase or a word from the map and complete the sentences. You can use a word or phrase only once!





#### 9 Team work

 How many sentences can you make from the words on the maps?

#### Example:

Liverpool is smaller than London.

2. How many questions can you ask?

Example: Is Glasgow big?

# UNIT 48 Housework

Look at the pictures of different chores. Match the words to the pictures.



vacuuming
dusting
making the bed
taking the rubbish out
washing up
setting the table
ironing



Track 17

2 Listen and tick (√).

It's Monday and Mrs. Smith is at work. Susan is at home with her friend Elizabeth. They are on holiday. Tick (✓) the chores Susan and Elizabeth mention.

Mrs. Smith: Hello, is that you Susan?

**Elizabeth**: Hello, Mrs. Smith. It's Bess speaking.

Sue's busy at the moment.

Mrs. Smith: What's she doing?

**Elizabeth**: She's vacuuming the carpet. Here she

is!

Sue: Hello, Mum!

Mrs. Smith: What are you doing, love?

**Sue**: Bess is helping me with the housework. She's dusting the room and I'm vacuuming. We're

going to take the rubbish out later on.

Mrs. Smith: Good girls! Don't work too hard. Go

out and play!

**Sue**: Don't worry, Mum. We're not going to work all day. First, we're going to wash up and then we're going to play. Why are you calling?

**Mrs. Smith**: I'm going to be late home this evening.

Sue: Why?

Mrs. Smith: I'm going to visit Granny on the way

home. She's not feeling well.

**Sue**: Oh! Are you going to call the doctor? **Mrs. Smith**: Maybe. I don't know. Don't worry.

Bye, now.

Sue: Bye, bye, Mum.

#### 3 Answer the questions.

- 1. Where is Susan's mother?
- 2. Where is Susan?
- 3. What are the girls going to do after the housework?
- 4. Why is Mrs. Smith going to be late home?

# What do you think? Explain your answers.

- 1. Is Elizabeth going to have lunch with Susan?
- 2. Does Granny live with Susan?

#### **WORD BANK**

iron /'aıən / – пеглати
to vacuum /'vækju:m/ – усисавати
to dust /dʌst/ – брисати прашину
to wash up – прати судове
rubbish /'rʌbi∫/ – смеће, ђубре
take the rubbish out – изнети смеће
on the way home – на путу кући
Don't worry! – Не брини!

chores /'t ʃɔ:rz/ - кућни послови

## Complete the sentences from the phone call with Mrs. Smith.

Don't worry! We\_\_\_\_\_ work all day.

I\_\_\_\_\_ visit Granny on my way home.

you call the doctor?

## Grammar clipboard



#### 'be going to'...

#### positive

I am going to play He/she/it is... You/we/they are...

## interrogative

Am I going to play? Is he/she/it... Are you/we/they...

#### negative

I am not going to play He/she/it is not ... You /we/they are not ...

You use 'going to' to talk about future plans.

Example: I'm going to watch TV tonight.

#### What are they going to do? Match and read.



- 1. He is going to set the table.
- 2. He is going to dust the furniture.
- 3. He is going to vacuum the room.

	3	2
Page 1	,	- 3
•	2.	· J.

#### Tell the class about you.

- 1. What are you going to do after school?
- 2. When are you going to do your homework?
- 3. What are you going to do at the weekend?

## R Can you work this out?

The children are going to help with the housework this month.

Claire is going to wash up once a day. Alan is going to wash up three times a day. Bob is going to wash up more than Claire, but less than Alan.

How often is Bob going to wash up? He is going to wash up

## A RHYME



There is a young boy from Aberdeen, Who likes his room all tidy and clean, He vacuums all night, And washes all day,

But of course he has no time to play.

Aberdeen = a city in the north of Scotland

#### Find 8 comparatives or superlatives.



#### 2 Read and find your lucky number.

a. When is your birthday? 19<sup>th</sup> November (11)

b. Add the numbers. 19+11 = 30

c. Add the numbers again. 3 + 0 = 3

d. Your lucky number is

#### Now look at the chart. Make sentences about your future. Use 'going to'.

		Lucky numbe	rs
1	a singer	rich	live in America
2	a doctor	not famous	study in England
3	a policeman	happy	have lots of friends
4	a teacher	popular	have a long life
5	a dancer	famous	work in Scotland
6	a reporter	not famous	travel around the world
7	a basketball player	very famous	win many trophies
8	a writer	rich	write 50 books
9	a farmer	happy	have lots of money

I live in London. It is the biggest city in Europe and it is on the River Thames.

It has over 8 million people and it is over 2000 years old. A lot of tourists come to London every year. London is famous for many things, like Big Ben and the London Eye.



London Eye



# Do you know ...?

- Most British people live in towns.
- London has more than 100 theatres.
- The Queen of England lives in Buckingham Palace in London.



I live in Nottingham with about 750,000 other people. The city is on the River Trent and it has a famous football team. Nottingham is the home of the famous Robin Hood.







I live in Bradford in the north of England, in an area called Yorkshire. Yorkshire has the nicest countryside in England. I often go for walks there. Leeds is another city in Yorkshire and it is bigger than Bradford. It is on the River Aire and about 1 million people live there. It has a famous football and rugby team and a very big university.



I live in Manchester in the north-west of England. Everyone knows Manchester because of the football teams, Manchester United and Manchester City. About 2 million people live in Manchester – I don't know why because it rains here all the time!



How well	did you?	Not very well OK	Very well
learn	'going to' the comparison of short adj housework words	ectives	
	about towns in Britain		
do	the teamwork exercise on p	age 35	Submittee 2 Confession

# UNIT SA Susan's home

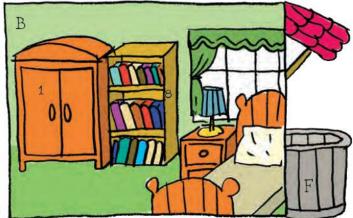
## Track 19

"This is my flat. I live in a block of flats very near school. There's a park in front of the building and some shops. My flat is on the third floor. It's a great flat with two bedrooms, a living room, a dining room, a kitchen, a bathroom and two balconies."



#### Read and listen. How many rooms are there in Sue's flat?





D





#### 2 Rooms Match the rooms to the letters.

bedroom \_\_\_\_ dining room \_\_\_\_ living room \_\_\_\_ bathroom \_\_\_\_ kitchen \_\_\_\_

balcony \_\_

'How many rooms' are there? 'There is one room.' .'There are four rooms.'

#### **Furniture**

Match the items of furniture to the numbers.

a bookshelf
a bath
a wardrobe
a toilet
a dishwasher
a cooker
an armchair
a basin
a shower
a mirror
a washing machine
a sink



3 4 Listen and check.

## Remember this!

one bedroom - two bedrooms one balcony - two balconies one shelf - two shelves

one mouse - two mice one sheep - two sheep one fish - two fish one child - two children one foot - two feet

## UNIT SA

#### 4 Look at the funny cupboard. Read and point.

#### There is ....

a child in front of it / a mouse on it a fish between the mice a sheep in it / a foot under it.

#### There are ....

two children behind it two feet in front of it / two mice in it two fish above it / two sheep next to it.



- 1. Is there a fish in the cupboard?
- 2. Are there two mice above the cupboard?



## Remember!

between near on opposite behind in front of under next to



#### Track 21

My room is not very big, but I think it is the best room. There are a lot of interesting posters on the walls and there is a huge one above my bed. My bed is in the corner near the door. My desk is near the window and there are always lots of CDs and DVDs, comics, notebooks and magazines on it. My computer is on my desk, too. There are two boxes under my desk. They are full of toys. There is a big shelf next to my desk, where I keep my books. The bookshelf is in the corner opposite the window. There is a small sofa between the bookshelf and a wardrobe. My clothes are quite often on the sofa or on a chair and when I change in a hurry I just leave my things on the floor. There are two chairs in my room. One is behind the door and one is next to the desk.

My room isn't always tidy and that makes Mum mad!

7 Read the text and look at the pictures.
Which is from Susan's room – a or b?

Track 22

- 8 🕩 Listen and check your answers.
- 9 Describe the three pictures which aren't from Susan's flat.
- **10** Talk about your home.

Do you live in a block of flats or in a house? Which floor do you live on? Describe your room.













#### **WORD BANK**

to change /'t∫eindʒ/ – пресвући се sink /sɪŋk/ – судопера basin /'beɪsn/ – лавабо balcony /'bælkəni/ – балкон bath /bɑ:θ/ – када shower /'ʃaʊə/ – туш above /ə'bʌv/ – изнад leave /li:v/ – оставити keep /ki:p/ – држати, чувати wardrobe /'wɔ:drəʊb/ – гардеробер

# UNIT 58 English breakfast

#### Track 24

#### **◀** ■ Listen and answer.

- 1. Why doesn't Sue want bacon and eggs?
- 2. Why are they going to Grandma's?
- 3. What must Sue do before going to Grandma's?



On Sundays Susan's mum always prepares a real English breakfast.

Mum: Hurry up, Sue! It's quarter past ten. Breakfast is ready!

Sue: Coming!..... Here I am!

Mum: Quickly! Sit down! Your bacon and eggs are getting

cold.

Sue: I can't eat bacon and eggs. Can I just have some cereal?

Mum: No, you can't! Is this some silly diet?

Sue: No, Mum. Our teacher says that bacon isn't healthy. Anyway, bacon's the most disgusting thing in the world.

Mum: Oh, I see! Bacon isn't healthy because YOU don't like it, but hamburgers are good for you because you like them!

Sue: Oh, good! Are we going to have burgers for lunch?

Mum: No! We're going to have lunch at Grandma's today! Aunty Ann, Uncle Pete, Sarah and Jim will be there, too.

Sue: Great! Granny makes the most wonderful roast beef. Will Uncle Dave be there, too? It's always more interesting when he is.

Mum: Maybe. Oh, and tidy your room before we go. Bacon's not the most disgusting thing in the world – your room is!

## 2 About you

- 1. What time do you have breakfast?
- 2. What do you usually have for breakfast?
- 3. Do you eat healthy food?
- 4. Is your room tidy?

#### **WORD BANK**

prepare /pri'peə/ – припремати cereal /'sɪərɪəl/ – житарице diet /'daɪət/ – дијета disgusting /dɪs'gʌstɪŋ/ – одвратан roast meat /rəʊst mi:t/ – печење beef /bi:f/ – говеђе месо

Sausages, eggs, bacon, baked beans, mushrooms and fried tomatoes, then toast and jam, and finally cereal with milk. This is a real ENGLISH BREAKFAST! If you don't believe me, ask anyone!



#### Complete the sentences from Sue's conversation with her mother.

Bacon's \_\_\_\_\_ thing in the world.

It's always \_\_\_\_\_ when he is.

## Grammar clipboard The comparison of long adjectives positive comparative

beautiful interesting difficult

more beautiful more interesting more difficult

the most beautiful the most interesting the most difficult

superlative

### Find and correct the mistakes in the sentences.

- 1. Comics are most interesting than magazines.
- 2. Cats are more dangerous dogs.
- My room is the beautifulest room in the flat.
- 4. English is difficulter than Maths.
- 5. Bacon is most disgusting thing in the world.

#### S Pair work

Complete the sentences for your partner. Ask questions, check your answers and see how well you know him/her. Circle the result.

- ... is the most exciting book.
- The most difficult computer game is ...
- The most interesting person in our class is...
- ... is the most beautiful song in the world.

I know my partner:

quite well

not so well

#### Where is the knife?

Find the letters and write the word.

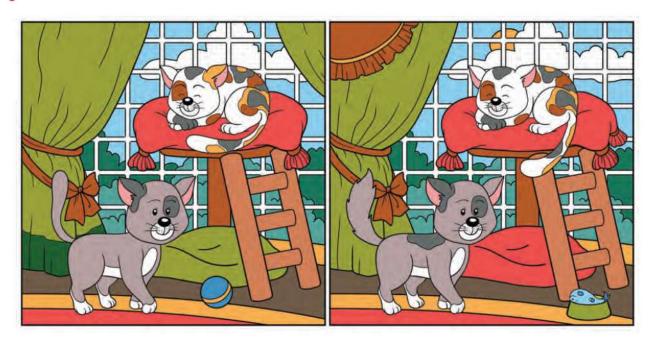
M	E	F	Α
N	Т	K	C
Υ	R	Α	Q
В	U	L	D

- 1. The first letter is above **R**.
- 2. The second letter is next to **F**, on the right.
- 3. The third letter is under Y.
- The fourth letter is between U and D.
- The fifth letter is above T.

It's under the



#### Find the five differences.



## 2 Can you work this out?

Susan, Elizabeth and Claire are each going to have something different for breakfast. One is going to have toast and butter, one is going to have sausages, and one is going to have cereal with milk.

- 1. Susan likes either toast or cereal for breakfast.
- 2. Only Elizabeth and Claire like meat for breakfast.
- 3. Claire isn't going to have sausages or toast for breakfast.

Susan:	Elizabeth:	Claire:	
--------	------------	---------	--

## ? Finish the sentences about you and other pupils in the class.

•	I sit in front of
•	sits in front of me.
•	sits behind
•	I sit next to
•	I sit between and









The Queen has a lot of homes in Britain, but the most famous is Buckingham Palace. There are 600 rooms, 72 bathrooms and 300 clocks in the Palace. It also has a cinema, a swimming pool, a post office, and a police station. 400 people work at the Palace.

#### Breakfast

The traditional English breakfast is fried eggs, fried bacon, fried sausages, fried mushrooms, fried tomatoes, fried bread, baked beans and a cup of tea. A lot of people eat cereal with milk or toast and jam for breakfast because it is healthier.

# Do you know ...?

- ✓ 8% of British people live in houses, not flats.
- A lot of British people think ghosts are real.
- The English drink tea with milk and sugar.

#### Typical houses

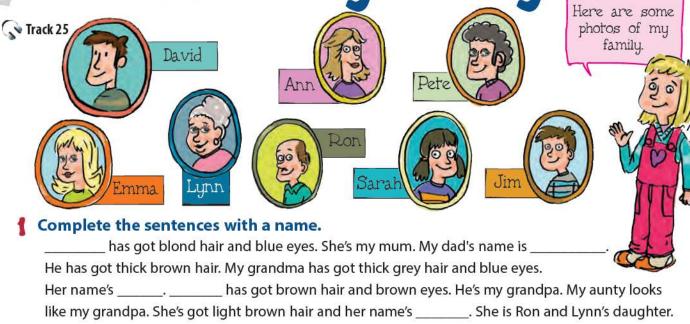
Most British people have houses with one or two bathrooms, two or three bedrooms and a small garden.



The British Prime Minister lives at 10, Downing Street in London. The PM doesn't have keys to his house because there is always someone inside to open the door for him. There are two black front doors. When they paint one front door, they put the other door on. His house has a secret tunnel to Buckingham Palace.

	My P	rogress	
How well did		Not very well OK	Very well
learn	the furniture words the comparison of long the plural of nouns the prepositions of place		
talk	about your home		

UNIT 6A Meet my family



Uncle \_\_\_\_\_ has got dark, curly hair and green eyes. He's Ron's son-in-law. \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ are

# Listen and check. Track 26Look and complete.

my cousins. They've got dark hair.

- 1. My mum's hair is \_\_\_\_\_
- My grandparents' daughters are \_\_\_\_\_\_

  and
- 3. My uncle's wife is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. My Dad's name is

## Remember!

a girl's dress girls' dresses
a boy's cap boys' caps
a child's toy children's toys
a man's car men's cars

# 3 • Listen to Susan talking about yesterday. Track 27

Yesterday was a special Sunday. It was Grandma Lynn's 67th birthday. Grandma Lynn and Grandpa Ron were very excited. Mum and I were at their house at four o'clock sharp. The Browns, Aunty Ann, Uncle Pete and my cousin Sarah were late.

Sarah's brother, Jim, wasn't there because he was ill. He was in bed all day.

#### 

- 1. What day was it yesterday?
- 2. Whose birthday was it?
- 3. Who was at the party first?
- 4. Why was Jim at home?
- 5. Was he in bed at 10 o'clock in the morning?

Monday Grandma Lynn's Sue and her mum He was ill. Yes Sunday Aunty Ann's The Browns He was tired. No

#### WORD BANK

curly hair /kɜ:li/ – коврџава коса the Browns – породица Brown four oʻclock sharp /ʃɑ:p/ – тачно у четири



I'm very
handsome! I've
got brown
hair, brown
eyes, a small
nose and a
nice smile. I
wear glasses.
I look like my
Grandpa.

## S Complete the sentences with Susan's words from p.46.

■ Yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ a special Sunday. ■ Grandma Lyn and Grandpa Ron\_\_\_\_\_ very excited. ■ Jim \_\_\_\_\_ there because he \_\_\_\_ ill.

#### Grammar clipboard The past simple tense 'to be' - 'was, were' positive interrogative negative (What) Was I /he/she/it..? I/he/she/it I /he/she/it was not... You/we/they were (Where) Were you/we/they..? You/we/they were not... You use the past simple tense to talk about yesterday, last week, etc. Short forms: was not = wasn't were not = weren't

## Read and circle the right word.

- 1. My grandparents was/were excited.
- I wasn't/weren't late.
- Was/Were Jim at Grandma's?
- 4. He wasn't/weren't at the party.
- 5. My friends were/was noisy.

#### Pick a word or a phrase from the presents and complete the sentences. You can use a present only once!

she in London last year?

Where you yesterday?

My parents were \_\_\_\_\_ last night.

Your was not at school last week.

Were your cousins \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday?

#### R Team work

- 1. How many sentences can you make? Example: Their aunt was not at work yesterday.
- 2. How many questions can you ask? Example: Was your teacher in the park last week?
- 3. How many true sentences can you make? Example: My parents were at home last night.

#### My presents



# UNIT 68 Isn't he cute?



#### Listen and answer the questions.

- 1. Why was Sarah at school last night?
- 2. Has Moira got a boyfriend?
- 3. What does Robert look like?
- 4. How many brothers has Robert got?

#### What do you think?

- 1. Are boys with earrings cute?
- 2. Is Sarah jealous?
- 3. Does Sarah like Robert? Why?

#### 3. Does Saran

What does your partner look like?

Write your partner's name and circle the words, but don't look at your partner!

#### NAME:

? Pair work

## Susan They a Susar Sarah Susar Sarah

Track 30

Susan and Sarah are in Grandma's backyard. They are chatting as usual.

Susan: Where were you last night?

Sarah: I was at school.

**Susan**: You were at school on Saturday!? **Sarah**: Yes. There was a dancing competition.

**Susan**: Were your parents with you? **Sarah**: No, of course they weren't. **Susan**: Was Moira's boyfriend there?

Sarah: Boyfriend? Which one? She's got two

boyfriends!

**Susan**: No, she hasn't. Her boyfriend is one of the Blakes – the oldest brother. I think he's got an earring in his left ear.

**Sarah**: Oh, yes. Robert. He's got two brothers. He's the one with long, dark, curly hair. He always wears green trainers!

**Susan**: Isn't he cute?! He's got a lovely smile! **Sarah**: Not my type! He's got a big nose and funny blue eyes.

**Susan**: Do you know what I think? I think you're jealous!

<b>*</b>	brown	blue	green	big	small
	long	short	curly	fair	dark
, (,	big	small	Right:		
000	yes	no	Wrong:		
	yes	no			

Now complete the sentences: My partner's (X's) eyes are... X's hair is... X's nose is ... X has got ... X hasn't got...

Look at your partner and check your answers! You score a point for each correct guess. How well do you know your partner? very well / quite well / not very well

#### WORD BANK

Which one? – Који? the one – онај, она an earring /'iərɪŋ / – минђуша a smile /'smaɪl/ – осмех a type /taɪp/ – тип cute /'kju:t/ – згодан, сладак **jealous** /'dʒeləs/ – љубоморан **backyard** /bæk'jɑ:d/ – двориште иза куће

#### 4 Find people who were ...

at home last night at a disco last year at the cinema last week at a party last weekend at the zoo last summer at a restaurant last month ill yesterday

Report to the class.

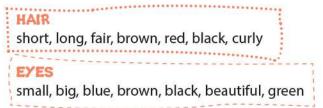
Example: \_\_\_\_\_ was at a party last weekend.

and \_\_\_\_\_ were at home last night.

### 5 Let's play!

Write the name of a pupil on a slip of paper. Your partner asks no more than 3 questions about hair, eyes and height and guesses who it is. If your partner can guess the name, they score a point. If not, show them the slip of paper and you win a point. Start like this: 'It's a girl/boy.'

Has she/he got <u>fair</u> hair? Yes, she/he has. No, she/he hasn't.



Is she/he tall?
Yes, she/he is.
No, she/he isn't.



## Remember!

I have got long hair.
I've got blue eyes.

He has got curly hair. He's got green eyes.



## 6 • Listen and match.

Look at the photos. Listen and match. Who is who?









1.\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_

UNIT 6c





#### Multi-cultural London

You can hear more than 250 different languages in London. It has many different cultures and this means that London is a very

exciting place to live – with interesting food, music, and festivals.



I live near an area called China Town. There are lots of Chinese restaurants there and many tourists. In February, we celebrate Chinese New Year. There is music in the street and people wear lion and dragon costumes.

The people of London





I was in London at the end of August. It was the Notting Hill Carnival then. The Carnival is a celebration of West Indian culture. More than 1.5 million people go to it every year. People sing and dance in the streets, wear costumes, and eat Jamaican food.





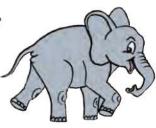


# SONG Track 32 The elephant

I'm a big grey lump
And I thump, thump, thump
Through the jungle, hot and green:
With my long white tusks
And my great big trunk.
I'm the biggest thing you've seen.

Thump! Thump! Thump!
Trumpety trump.
An elephant am I.
I'm the biggest living animal
Under the jungle sky.
I thump, thump, thump,
Trumpety trump,
An elephant am I:
I thump, thump, thump,
Trumpety trump,
An elephant am I:
An elephant am I:

See me suck the cool water
Up my trunk.
See me squirt it over me.
With my big long trunk
I can reach quite high.
Eat bananas off a tree.

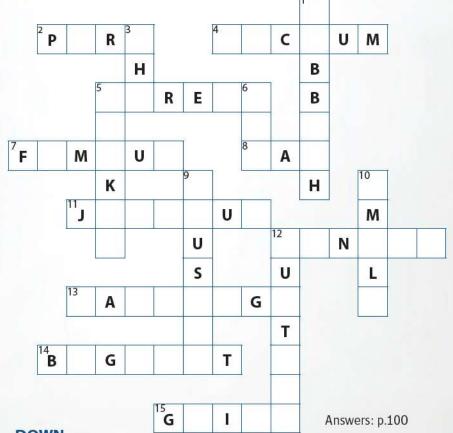


#### Crossword

The answers are all words from Units 4 - 6.

#### **ACROSS**

- 2. There are a lot of boats in Liverpool - it is a
- 4. 'Peter, I can't \_\_\_\_ your room - there are clothes on the floor.'
- 5. I have \_\_\_\_\_ and milk for breakfast.
- 7. Robbie Williams is a \_\_\_\_ singer.
- 8. I \_\_\_\_\_ at school yesterday.
- 11. Sue doesn't like my boyfriend. She's
- 12. We eat in the \_ room.
- 13. I don't like boys with in their ears.
- 14. London is the city in England.
- 15. We're to buy a new computer tomorrow.



#### **DOWN**

- 1. Can you take the \_\_\_\_\_ out, please?
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ Smiths are coming today.
- 5. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ in the kitchen.
- 6. Peter is his son-in-\_\_\_\_
- 9. My aunty's children are my \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 10. He has brown hair and a big \_\_\_\_\_. He's always happy.
- 12. I help my mum with the housework I do the \_\_

	my Pr	ogress	
How well did you	?	Not very well OK	Very well
	ily words sessive <b>'s</b>		
do the tear	n work exercise o	on p.47	

#### A. What can you remember about Susan?

#### QUIZ Circle A or B and then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

	A	В
1. Where does Susan live?	In a house	In a flat
2. What floor is her flat on?	The third	The first
3. Where does her father live?	Brighton	Liverpool
4. Which is bigger, London or Liverpool?	London	Liverpool
5. How often does Susan see her dad?	Twice a month	Once a year
6. Where is the biggest poster in Sue's room?	Above the bed	Under the bed
7. Where is she going to have lunch on Sunday?	At grandma's	At home
8. Who's got blond hair and blue eyes?	Sue's grandma	Sue's mum
9. When was the dancing competition at school?	On Sunday	On Saturday
10. Was Susan at the dancing competition?	Yes, she was.	No, she wasn't.

#### Read the questions from the QUIZ and give full answers.

Example: Susan lives in a flat.

#### B. Check your grammar

#### **¶** GOING TO − Complete with am ('m)/ is ('s)/ are ('re) going to

1.	What you	do after school? I study.
2.	They not _	make pancakes for dinner.
3.	you	phone Susan tomorrow? No, I not.
4.	Sue	visit her dad next month? Yes, she
5	1	get a nice present? Yes you

#### 2 ADJECTIVES a. Fill in the table.

<u>warm</u>	<u>warmer</u>	
<u>hot</u>	74 44 47 77	the hottest
-	<u>bigger</u>	
<u>easy</u>	<u>easier</u>	
<u>lovely</u>	84 94 94 94 94 94 94	the loveliest
<u>interesting</u>	more interesting	
<u>boring</u>		the most boring

#### **3** PREPOSITIONS – Circle the right word and read.

1.	Susan's flat is	the third floor.	a. on
2.	There is a sofa	the wardrobe.	a. above
3.	The huge poster is	the bed.	a. above

# b. Circle the word and read the sentences.

- A city is <u>the biggest</u> / <u>bigger</u> than a village.
- 2. Winter is the coldest / colder season.
- 3. English is <u>more interesting</u> / <u>the most interesting</u> than Geography
- 4. Dogs are the loveliest / lovelier animals.
- 5. Are hippos more dangerous / the most dangerous of all animals?

b. in	c. behind
b. next to	c. under
b. between	c. in

## **4** THE PLURAL OF NOUNS - Complete the tables.

#### regular

one	bed		bus		shelf		library
many		boxes		knives		countries	
Mary construction with a suppose							

#### irregular

one	fish		mouse	foot			
many		sheep			teeth	children	men

MMM

#### **5** THERE IS / THERE ARE Circle the right word.

- 1. There is a **box / boxes** on the chair.
- 2. There are many mouse / mice under the bed.

#### THE PAST SIMPLE TENSE: TO BE Complete with was, were.

1. Brian ill last week.

2. Where \_\_\_\_ you yesterday? I \_\_\_\_ at home.

3. They at the cinema three days ago.

#### C. Pronunciation – Find and write the sound /3:/ $|\partial|$ /3:/ |D| /0:/ |A|

h <u>o</u> t	t <u>a</u> ll	f <u>ir</u> st	<u>a</u> gain	m <u>u</u> mmy	<u>au</u> nt
cl <u>o</u> ck	d <u>oo</u> r	b <u>ir</u> d	sev <u>e</u> n	s <u>o</u> n	f <u>a</u> ther
J <u>o</u> hn	<u>a</u> ll	c <u>ur</u> ly	<u>a</u> bout	<u>u</u> ncle	grandm <u>a</u>

#### D. Check your vocabulary

#### Family - Complete with: cousins, aunt, uncle, husband, wife

1.	My mother's sister is my	
2.	My father's brother is my	

- My aunt's children are my \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. My aunt's \_\_\_\_\_ is my uncle. 5. My uncle's \_\_\_\_\_ is my aunt.

#### 2 LOOKS LIKE/IS LIKE - Complete with: curly hair, cute, blue eyes, clever

1.	What does he look like?			
	He's got	_ and		

2. What is he like? He is and

#### Housework – Circle to make true sentences.

- 1. Every morning I make my bed /vacuum/ cook.
- 2. I take the rubbish out once a day / twice a week / once a month.
- 3. I never vacuum / dust the rooms / wash up.

## PROJECT 2

## A DREAM HOME

#### You need:

- a sheet of paper
- scissors
- coloured paper

- glue
- coloured pencils
   old magazines

#### ..... INSTRUCTIONS: .....

- Work in groups of 4.
- Use coloured pencils to write the name of your project - A DREAM HOME.
- Cut out pictures of different houses or buildings from old magazines. Stick the pictures onto the sheet of paper. Use a pencil to mark the house you like best and write 3 sentences about it: where it is and how big it is.
- Cut out pictures of different rooms in your home: bedroom, living room, kitchen and bathroom. Each pupil can do one room. Stick the pictures on the sheet of paper and write 3 sentences under each.
- Write the names of the furniture and objects in your room on strips of coloured paper. Stick the strips next to your room.
- Show your project to the class and talk about it.

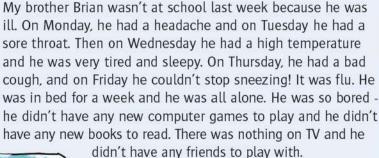




## UNIT 7A What's the matter, Brian?! Track 33











Now he's better and he can go to school again. In fact, for the first time in his life, he's even excited about going to school! There's only one problem - today, I've got toothache, Dad's got stomachache and Mum's knees hurt, and we're all at home in bed!

Picture A \_\_\_\_\_ Picture C Picture E

Picture B

Picture D \_\_\_\_

## Listen and check.



#### 3 What hurts? Match.

1. Elizabeth A. knees 2. Mum B. stomach

3. Dad C. teeth

## What do you think?

- 1. Was Brian happy to be at home?
- 2. What do you do when you are ill?
- 3. When did you last have the flu?

## Useful langua

Why weren't you at school? I had toothache.



I hate having a cold! You cough and sneeze and your nose runs.

#### **WORD BANK**

What's the matter? /'mætə/ – Шта није у реду?

flu/'flu:/ - грип

high/hai/ - висок

temperature/'temprət ʃə/ - температура

cough/'kpf / - кашаљ

sneeze/'sni:z/ - кијати

headache /'hedeɪk/ - главобоља

sore /so:/ - болно

throat /'θrəut/ - грло

even /'i:vn/ - чак

bored /bo:d/ - досађивати се

toothache /'tu:θетк/ – зубобоља

stomachache /'stʌməkeɪk/ – болан стомак

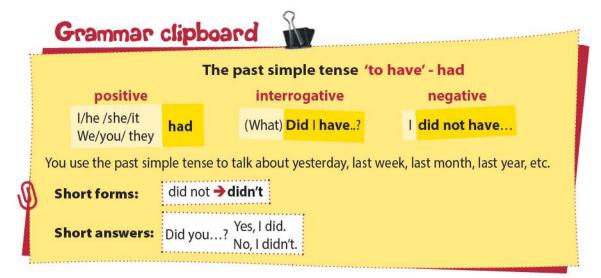
hurt /'ha:t/ - болети

in fact /'fækt/ – у ствари, заправо

memory /'meməri/ - успомена, сећање

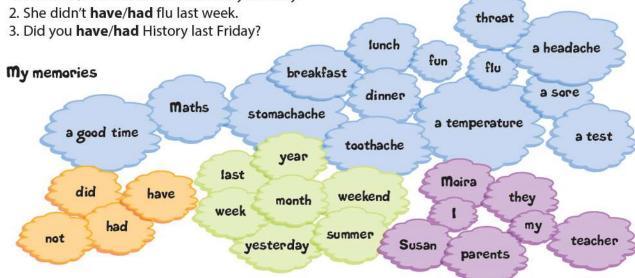
## S Complete the sentences using the text on page 56.

■ He \_\_\_\_\_ a headache. ■ He \_\_\_\_\_ any new books to read.



#### 6 Choose the word and read the sentence.

1. We **have/had** lunch at Grandma's yesterday.



#### 7 Pick a word or a phrase and complete the sentences.

You can use a word or phrase only once!

- 1. We did \_\_\_\_\_ have breakfast yesterday.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Susan have flu last week?
- 3. Susan had \_\_\_\_\_ last month.
- 4. My teacher \_\_\_\_\_ a headache yesterday.

#### 8 Team work

- How many sentences can you make? Example: Moira had fun yesterday.
- 2. How many questions can you ask? Example: Did your teacher have flu last week?
- 3. How many true sentences can you make? Example: I had toothache last month.

# UNIT 78 Dinner time



#### Listen and choose the correct sentence.

- Elizabeth had toothache / stomachache.
- She had some cheese / meat.
- 3. She didn't have any bread / fruit.
- 4. She had **two / three** bars of chocolate.
- 5. She was hungry / thirsty.



Mr Hopkins: My stomach's finally better!

Mrs. Hopkins: Good! Have some vegetables, Bess!

Elizabeth: No, thanks, Mum. I can't eat anything. I'm not feeling well. **Mr Hopkins**: What's the matter, love? Have you still got toothache?

Elizabeth: Yes, it's worse than yesterday and I also had stomachache this afternoon.

**Mr Hopkins**: What did you eat at school?

**Elizabeth**: Nothing much. I had some crisps at the break.

Mrs. Hopkins: And what about lunch?

Elizabeth: I didn't have any lunch. Oh, yes, I did... I had some bread and cheese.

Mr Hopkins: Did you have any fruit?

Elizabeth: No, there wasn't any fruit. I just had some chocolate pudding. **Brian**: And on the way home she 'just' had a hamburger and some chocolate! Mrs. Hopkins: Is that true, Elizabeth? How much chocolate did you have?

Brian: She had three bars!

Mrs. Hopkins: No wonder your tummy hurts!

Elizabeth: I was hungry, Mummy!

(to Brian): You're such a telltale, Brian! I'll never talk to you again! You're the worst brother ever!

#### Answer the questions.

- 1. When did Elizabeth have stomachache?
- 2. What did she have for lunch?
- 3. Why does her stomach hurt?

#### Choose and read.

- She had a bad/good cough last week.
- Crisps are worse/better for you than vegetables.
- Bananas are the best/worst fruit.

## S Complete.

1. I think Miss Pit	t is a teacher than Mr Reeves. (good)
2. It was	birthday ever! (bad)
3. Who is your _	friend? (good)
4. She had	_ marks than Peter. (bad)

## What do you think? Explain!

Is Brian a telltale?

## Remember!

good better the best bad worse the worst

#### **WORD BANK**

crisps /krisps/ – чипс a bar of chocolate - табла чоколаде telltale /'telteɪl/ - тужибаба cold /'kəuld / – назеб, прехлада wonder /'wʌndə/ - чудо **tummy** /'tʌmɪ/ – стомачић

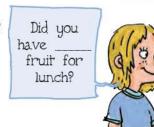


#### Grammar clipboard SOME ANY in positive sentences in negative sentences She didn't have any tea/biscuits. She had some tea/biscuits. asking for things in questions Can I have some tea/biscuits? Did she have any tea/biscuits?

#### Choose and read.

- 1. Did you have some/any chocolate?
- They all had any/some soup.
- 3. Can you give me any/ some milk?
- 4. We don't have some/any apples.

What are they saying? Complete with some or any.





#### R Pair work

When was your partner ill and what was the matter? Ask questions and complete the table for your partner.

Name:	yesterday	last week	last month	last year
toothache				$\checkmark$
stomachache				
a temperature				

Example: Did you have toothache last year?

#### Report

Example: Ivana had toothache yesterday.

## Choose and read.

- 1. I didn't have **much / more** sugar in my tea.
- 2. Yesterday she had the **most** / **more** ice-cream ever.
- 3. We have many / more subjects than last year.

# Remember! much/many more the most

## Time for a chat

Talk with your partner about breakfast.



695	ap	Pic
tomatoes	potatoes	cookies
A: How MANY	did you h	nave for dinner?
R: I had three	And you?	

ends

ausages ales

71.11011 11111111	ala you have for alliller
B: I had three A	nd you?
A· I didn't have any	I had four

#### Look, match and read. What are they saying?









- a) I've got a sore throat.
- b) I've got toothache.
- c) My knee hurts!
- d) I've got a headache.
- e) I've got stomachache.

## A RHYME



Can anyone tell me, Can anyone show me, What to do when I sneeze?

You take your hankie, You wipe your nose, You say Excuse me, please!

#### Can you work this out?

What can run but cannot walk? The answer is at the bottom of the page.

## What do you know about health? The answers are at the bottom of the page.

- 1. Orange juice has lots of vitamin...?
  - A. A
  - B. B
  - C.C
- 2. How much water should you drink every day?
  - A. 1 litre
  - B. 2 litres
  - C. 3 litres
- 3. How often should you eat fish?
  - A. once a week
  - B. twice a week
  - C. never

- 4. How much sleep is best for children?
  - A. three hours a night
  - B. eight hours a night
  - C. eleven hours a night
- 5. How many different types of fruit and vegetables should you eat every day?
  - A. 3
  - B. 4
  - C. 5
- 6. Which is best to have when you are hungry?
  - A. chocolate
  - B. sausages
  - C. an apple



## Superstitions

In England we had a funny belief many years ago. When children ride a bear, they won't be ill.

There are many funny beliefs like this — they are called superstitions. In England, when you see a black cat, it is good luck. On the first day of every month, people say 'White rabbits, white rabbits, white rabbits' for good luck. When you put new shoes on a table, it is bad luck. It is also bad luck when you walk under a ladder. And never break a mirror, it is 7 years' bad luck!



broken mirror



#### Health

Indian people think you get a cold when you don't eat properly.

When we have a cold, we eat ginger and honey three times a day. We also eat boiled vegetables, vegetable soup, and fruit.

We drink tea and hot drinks, but we don't have any cold drinks, ice cream, sweets, fried food, cheese or yoghurt when we have a cold. When we have a headache, we drink hot milk. For stomachaches, we drink lemon juice three times a day and eat boiled vegetables.



low well did you?	Not very well OK	Very well
learn had		
the irregular comparison of adject	ctives	
how much / how many the health words		
do the team work exercise on page	57	105

# UNIT 8A School dinners - yuck!

#### Read. Why is Bess in trouble? Track 38



Nick, Red, Sue and I saved £18.50 of our pocket money and on Friday we decided to get a take-away after school because we were hungry. We didn't like the lunch in the school canteen boiled cabbage, carrots and fish. Yuck! Maybe it's healthy, but it's disgusting!

There are three take-away places near our school. The fishand-chip shop is just round the corner, the Indian restaurant is opposite the school, and there's a fast food restaurant to the left of the school – it's my favourite and the cheapest.

The boys had chips, Sue had a sandwich and I ordered a hamburger. The man packed the food nicely in a bag and we walked quickly to the park. We had our food there and enjoyed it very much. We talked and laughed loudly. Everyone looked at us. After that, William hurried to catch his bus and Sue, Nick and I walked slowly home. But then a car stopped behind us and somebody shouted loudly, 'Is that where your pocket money goes, Elizabeth?' I turned around. It was Mum. She was mad! Now I'm grounded for the weekend and... no pocket money for a month!



'Excuse me! Could you tell me where the school is?' 'It's just round the corner. It's to the left of the bookshop!

## 2 Answer the questions.

- 1. Why were the children hungry?
- 2. How many restaurants are there near Elizabeth's school?
- 3. What did the children eat?
- 4. Why did everyone look at the children in the park?
- 5. How did William go home?

## Remember!

£18.50 – We say: "Eighteen pounds fifty"

## 3 Is this true?

1. The children decided to go to the zoo. YES NO 2. The fast food restaurant is expensive. YES NO The children had their food in the restaurant. YES NO 4. The children didn't run home. YES NO 5. Elizabeth's father shouted loudly. YES NO

## Listen and check.



#### S What do you think?

Do you prefer boiled vegetables to take-away food?

Fast food is not allowed in many English schools. You only get healthy food in the canteen. If the teacher finds chocolates. crisps or fizzy drinks in your lunch box, she usually takes them away from you.

#### WORD BANK

save /seiv/ - сачувати, уштедети pocket money /'ppkit mʌni/ – џепарац get a take-away /'teik ə,wei/ - купити готову храну / купити храну и понети је boil /boil/ - барити

order /o:də/ - наручити grounded /graundid/ - кажњен неизласком decide /di'said/ - одлучити fizzy drink /'fızi drıŋk/ - газирано пиће



## 6 Complete the sentences from the text about the children eating fast food.

I \_\_\_\_\_ a hamburger.

■ William \_\_\_\_\_\_ to catch his bus.

■ We it very much.

■ But then a car \_\_\_\_\_ behind us.

## Grammar clipboard



#### The past simple tense of regular verbs

#### positive

1 looked She stopped They liked

Short forms:

#### interrogative

(Where) **Did** Hook? (When) **Did** she stop? (What) **Did** they like?

did not → didn't

#### negative

I did not look She **did not** stop They **did not** like

Remember the rule! verb + ed

#### Can you spell this?

- 1. look- looked
- 2. like- liked
- 3. hurry- hurried
- stop-stopped

## Choose the words and read the sentences.

- 1. The waiter **pack/packed** our food nicely.
- 2. They did not like/liked the lunch in the canteen.
- 3. Did they save/saved enough money?

## Look and find.

Look at the text. Find and complete all the verbs that end with -ed.

dec	sa	ord	pac	wal
hur	ston	shou	tur	loo

## 10 Team work

Look at the clouds. Ask and answer as many questions as you can.

Did you

like watch enjoy

the film the game the football match the dancing competition your dinner school PE

yesterday? last night? four days ago?



# UNIT 88 Can you cook?



#### Listen and choose the correct answers.

- 1. The children **helped/did not help** Dad with the housework.
- 2. Brian helped Elizabeth with her homework/the food.
- 3. Brian ordered some Indian/English food.
- 4. Elizabeth dropped the pancakes/a mug.
- 5. Elizabeth/Brian mixed the pancakes.

Last week Mrs. Hopkins was away on business in Leeds. So, who did the housework and cooking?

Mum: The house is so tidy. Who did all the housework?

**Dad**: Brian and Bess, of course! **Elizabeth**: No, we only helped Dad. **Brian**: And I helped Bess with the food.

Elizabeth: Yeah right! You just ordered some Indian food.

Brian: And I fried the pancakes!

**Elizabeth:** That's right, and you dropped four of them on the floor! **Brian:** What about the red mug?! You dropped that on the floor. **Mum:** Never mind! How do you know how to make pancakes, Brian? **Elizabeth:** He can't make pancakes. I looked in the recipe book.

I mixed some flour, eggs, milk, water, oil, sugar and salt.

Dad: Our Bess can cook very well.

**Brian**: Yeah, Bess is a great cook. She can boil eggs perfectly! **Elizabeth**: You're just jealous! You can't even boil water!

Dad: That's enough, you two!



## Read this!

Can you

Can you cook? /kæn/ | can cook. /kən/ | can't cook. /ka:nt/

No, I can't,

but I can

sing nicely?

## 2 Answer the questions.

- 1. Did Dad fry the pancakes?
- 2. How did Elizabeth know how to make pancakes?
- 3. Is she a good cook?

## 3 What do you think?

- 1. Can you make pancakes?
- 2. What do you have on your pancakes?

## 4 Look in the box and finish the sentences.



- 1. She is a **good** singer. She sings \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. He is **bad** at spelling. He spells \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. His paintings are **nice**. He paints \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. His French is **perfect**. He speaks French \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. His voice is very **loud**. He speaks \_\_\_\_\_

#### **WORD BANK**

on business /'bɪznɪs/ – пословно mug /mʌg/ – дубока шоља fry /'fraɪ/ – пржити

drop/drop/ – испустити Never mind! – Нема везе! Није важно! recipe /'resəpi/ – рецепт flour /'flaʊə/ – брашно enough /ɪ'nʌf/ – довољно

#### **5** Pair work

## What do you think? Answer true or false for your partner.

He/She can spell perfectly. T
He/She can do Maths easily. T
He/She can sing beautifully. T
He/She can't shout loudly. T
He/She can't cook nicely. T
He/She can't read English well. T

## Now ask questions and see how well you know your partner.

You score a point for each correct guess.

Did you do well or badly?

My score is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

My partner's score is \_\_\_\_\_

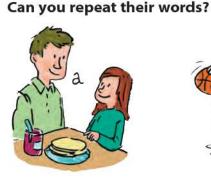
#### 6 Find the secret word.

The letters that make the secret word are the same in each pair of words.

1. shae	floo	4. Bran	mxed	The secret word is
2. hous	fri_d	5hone	hel	Can you spell this word?
3. ook	pan akes	6. ord r	asv	Answer: page 100

## Track 42

## **7** Look, listen and match.









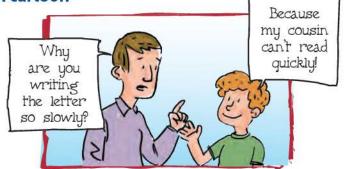
## 8 FIND SOMEONE who can ... and who can't...

fry pancakes	make a sand	wich	boil egg	s make sou
boil potatoe	s make tea	mak	e coffee	make salad

#### Report to the class.

can make tea.
 can't boil potatoes

## 9 A cartoon



## A RHYME

Mix a pancake, stir a pancake, Pop it in the pan. Fry the pancake, toss the pancake, Catch it if you can.



#### Can you work this out?

Bob gets £5 pocket money a week. Alan gets £1.50 more pocket money a week than Bob, but £2.50 less than Claire. How much pocket money does Claire get? She gets \_\_\_\_\_.

The answer is at the bottom of the page.

LOOK! £1 = 100 pence

#### A RECIPE Why not try it at home?

## A fruit cake

You need:

200 grams (7 ounces)

of walnuts

200 grams (7 ounces)

of sultanas

5 tbsp of flour

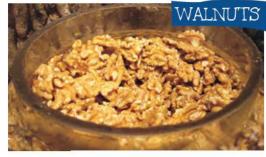
7 tbsp of sugar

a pinch of salt

4 eggs

Mix the nuts, sultanas, flour, sugar and salt. Add 4 whole eggs and mix. Put the mixture in a buttered cake tin.

Heat the oven to 180°C. Bake the cake for 1 hour.



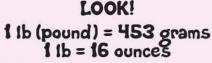






83:f.x9,19wenA





LOOK!

#### **WORD BANK**

walnuts /' wplnAts/ - opacu sultanas /sʌl'tanəs/- суво грожђе mix /miks/ - помешати mixture /'mɪkstʃə/ - смеша heat /'hi:t/ – загрејати bake / beik/ - пећи buttered /'bʌtəd/ - премазан путером a pinch of salt /'pɪnt∫/ – прстохват соли



#### **School Dinners**

A few years ago school dinners were disgusting and no-one wanted to eat them. Now they are better. They stopped making burgers, pizza and chips. Now we have a lot of fruit, vegetables, soup, salads and yoghurt. In Scotland, you get prizes for eating healthy food. When you eat 100 healthy lunches, you get an iPod!





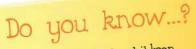
Our parents had roast beef, roast potatoes, Yorkshire puddings, and boiled vegetables for Sunday lunch - it was a tradition. British people also loved fish and chips, but now British people say curry (Indian food) and Chinese food is their favourite. Indian food is very hot - it has lots of chilli peppers in it.





Indian spices

In Britain, there are restaurants from many countries - Italian, Indian, Chinese, French, Russian, Serbian, Vietnamese, Thai, Japanese, etc. Manchester is famous for the 'Curry Mile' - one road with over 70 Indian restaurants! Of course. there are a lot of fast-food restaurants, too.



- √ 20% of British children never eat fruit.
- → Pizza is British children's favourite food.
- ✓ In English schools, teachers give young students milk every day.
- ✓ The British only eat pancakes once a year.



Can you eat quickly? Takeru Kobayashi from Japan had 49 hot dogs in 12 minutes!



My	Pro	gr	es	S

How	well	did	you	?
The State of the				

... learn the past simple tense of regular verbs words about meals, food and recipes about the British currency and weights adverbs with -ly can/can't

... do the team work exercise on page 63

Unit 8 was ...

Not	very	wel



interesting

# UNIT 9A Shopping



Sue and I went window shopping at the shopping centre near my house last week. Mum told me to look for a dress to wear for Easter. We saw some terrific clothes — tracksuits, trainers, trendy jeans and colourful T-shirts, but we didn't see any nice dresses. I don't like dresses much, but I must wear them sometimes.

So, on Thursday evening, Mum took me to a department store in Oxford Street. We caught the Tube because it's faster than going by car. The store is huge. The women's department is on the ground floor, the men's is on the first floor, and the children's department is on the second floor.

There were girls' dresses in all sizes and colours. First, I chose a lovely long yellow dress with short sleeves, but they didn't have one in my size. Then, I saw another yellow dress, but it was too expensive. In the end, my Mum found a wonderful yellow and blue dress. It was perfect for me and we bought it. Mum also got a pair of white trainers for Brian.



#### LOOK!

women's department = department with clothes for women

men's department = department with clothes for men

children's department = department with clothes for children

> girls' dresses = dresses for girls

#### Read the text and choose the correct word.

- Elizabeth went shopping to buy a dress/ trainers for Easter.
- 2. They saw some **great/disgusting** clothes.
- Elizabeth likes/doesn't like wearing dresses.
- Elizabeth and her mum travelled/didn't travel by car.
- 5. The department store was small/big.
- Elizabeth had/didn't have problems finding a dress.













## 2 Write the right letter.

- 1. Which one is the bookshop?
- 2. Which one is the music shop? \_\_\_
- 3. Which one is the baker's?
- 4. Which one is the pharmacy? \_\_\_
- 5. Where can you buy trainers?
- 6. Where can you buy a skateboard? \_\_\_\_
- 7. Which shop were Elizabeth and Susan interested in? \_\_

## 3 Disten and check.

Track 44

Most shops in England close at 5.30 pm, except on Thursdays.
On Thursdays shops close at 8 o'clock.



#### **WORD BANK**

window shopping – разгледање излога terrific /tə'rɪfɪk/ – јако добар tracksuit /'træksju:t/ – тренерка trendy /'trendi/ – модерне colourful /'kʌləfəl / – разнобојне the Tube /t ju:b/ – подземна железница

department store /dr'pa:tmənt sto:/ – робна кућа sleeve /sli:v/ – рукав size /saiz/ – величина expensive /iks'pensiv/ – скупо wonderful /'wʌndəfəl/ – чаробно by heart /bai hɑ:t/ – напамет

#### Complete the sentences using the text about Elizabeth's shopping trip.

Sue and I \_\_\_\_\_ window shopping. But we \_\_\_\_ any nice dresses.

I \_\_\_\_\_ another yellow dress.

## Grammar clipboard



#### The past simple tense of irregular verbs

#### positive

She went
We saw
They bought

#### interrogative

(Where) Did she go? (What) Did we see? (Why) Did they buy?

#### negative

She didn't go We didn't see They didn't buy

There are NO rules for the positive form! You <u>must</u> learn the past tense of irregular verbs by heart!

#### Choose the word and read the sentences.

- 1. She eats/ate an apple yesterday.
- 2. We **find/found** a stray dog in the park yesterday.
- 3. Did you get/got a present for Easter?
- 4. They didn't sleep/slept well last night.

## Read this!

I <u>read</u> /ri:d/ every day.
I <u>read</u> /red/ a story yesterday.

## 6 Pick a verb from the list and complete the sentences.

You can use a verb only once!

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ shopping yesterday.

We didn't any socks.

3. We were thirsty, so we \_\_\_\_\_ some juice.

4. Sue was hungry, so she \_\_\_\_\_ a sandwich.

5. Did you \_\_\_\_\_ anything nice?

#### 7 Team work

- How many sentences can you make about yesterday? Example: Bess wore her new dress yesterday.
- 2. How many questions can you ask? Example: Did Brian get new trainers?
- 3. How many sentences can you make about your last holiday?

Example: My Mum bought me a red T-shirt.

#### LIST OF VERBS

# buy bought

catch caught choose chose

come came

drink drank eat ate

find found

get got

give gave

go went

have had hear heard

make made

put put

read read see saw

send sent

sleep slept

take took

tell told wear wore

write wrote

# UNIT 98 Trendy trainers



## Listen to our friends chatting and choose the correct word.

- 1. There was a tennis/football match.
- 2. The boys wore dark/light blue caps and scarves.
- 3. William had disgusting/special trainers.
- 4. William got the trainers from his aunt/grandmother.
- 5. The trainers are from China/Japan.
- 6. William gave his book to Sue/Moira.

#### ? Read and check.

There was a football match at school on Saturday morning. It was very exciting. A boys' team played against a girls' team. Brian and I went there early. We each wore our team's colours. The boys wore dark blue caps and the girls wore light green caps and scarves. William had special trainers — they were dark blue with a silver star.

**Nick**: Wow! Look at Red's trainers! **Brian**: They're exactly like mine!

Nick: No way! Yours don't have a star! Anyway, I heard his

are from America.

**Elizabeth**: Where did you get your trainers from? They're

so cool.

William: My Gran sent them to me from Scotland, but

they're Japanese.

Sue: Lucky you! Did you get anything else?

William: Yes. Two pairs of socks, a DVD and a book.

**Sue**: Which one? **William**: Harry Potter.

Sue: Really! Could you lend it to me, Red?

William: Sorry. Moira came to my house yesterday and I

gave it to her.

Sue: Then I must go to the library!



#### Read and answer.

- 1. Was the match boring?
- 2. What colours did the girls wear?
- 3. Why were William's trainers special?
- 4. Which book did William get?
- 5. Why must Elizabeth go to the library?

#### **WORD BANK**

against /ə'geɪnst/ – против
exactly /ɪg'zæktli/ – тачно
No way! – Нема шансе!
lend /lend/ – посудити
scarf /skɑ:f/ – шал, марама
Japanese /dʒæpə'ni:z/ – из Јапана

#### 4 Pair work

Can you remember what your partner wore yesterday? Complete the table for your partner.

	jeans	trousers	a skirt	a T-shirt	trainers	shoes
white						
blue						
green						
red						

Now ask questions and see how good your memory is!

**Example:** 

: Did you wear a red skirt?

You score one point	for each positive answer. What's your score?
My score is	My friend's score is

## Remember!

my - mine
your - yours
her - hers
his - his
its - its
our - ours
their - theirs

#### **5** Complete and read.

- 1. This is **my** house. This house is **mine**.
- 2. These are your books. These books are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Those are his CDs. Those CDs are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- That is their computer. That computer is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. This is <u>her</u> bag. This bag is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. That is our classroom. That classroom is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### 6 Choose and read.

- 1. Sue bought this DVD. It's her/hers!
- You can have all the pancakes. They are all yours/your.
- 3. Tom and I made this poster. It is ours/our.
- 4. My grandparents live in that house. It is theirs/their.

#### **7** Roleplay

#### You need something. Ask your friend!

A: Could you lend me that book?

B: Yes, of course.

A: Thank you!

A: Could you help me with maths?

B: Sorry. I'm busy right now.

## Useful language

'Could you show me a smaller cap?'
'Of course. Here you are!'
'Thank you!'

## 8 Find someone who.....

- went shopping last Saturday
- saw a good film last month
- wrote a postcard last year
- bought a book last week
- sent an e-mail yesterday

## 9 Look and say!

What did they do yesterday?





## Report to the class

\_\_\_\_\_ saw a good film.
\_\_\_\_\_ sent an e-mail.

## A RHYME



## The wise old owl

A wise old owl lived in an oak, The more he heard, the less he spoke, The less he spoke, the more he heard, Why can't we be like that wise old bird?!









There are many different shops in Britain. The most famous is 'Harrods' in London. It is the biggest department store in the country. I went there last week. It was very expensive and I didn't buy anything. 'Harrods' makes things for the Queen – she has enough money to shop there!







Portobello Road Market



#### Libraries

Libraries are popular in Britain. You can go there and read books, but you must be quiet. British children usually read for about six hours a week (that's 13 days a year). Some British people don't like reading – my cousin doesn't read books, she only reads fashion magazines! There are many famous British writers: William Shakespeare,



Charles Dickens, CS Lewis, JK Rowling, Roald Dahl and David Walliams.

Every town in Britain has a market, but London has lots of them. On the streets of London, there are food markets, flower markets, clothes markets, and furniture markets. The oldest fruit and vegetable market is Borough Market.

The most popular markets are Camden Market and the huge Portobello Road Market. You can buy everything there.

# Do you know ...?

- √ 80% of British ten-year-olds love shopping.
- Macy's is a department store in New York - it has ten floors and sells over half a million things.
- Children in Brazil, Thailand and South Africa can buy a laptop for 66 euros!

SONG Track 48

The grand old Duke of York

The Grand Old Duke of York. He had ten thousand men. He marched them up to the top of the hill. And he marched them down again.

And when they were up, they were up, And when they were down, they were down, And when they were only half way up. They were neither up nor down.

### Crossword

The answers are all words from Ur	nits 7 - 9.										1	1
ACROSS												
2. He has a throat.									<b>S</b>			
5. Peter is ill - he has											Υ	
6. This is my bag. It isn't yours, it's				3			4		V			J.
8. How much money do		5	L			M M						
you get every week?	7			В			G					
10. My mum can't walk. Her leg	8				9 <b>T</b>		10	U	11	Т	s	
12. They are her books. They aren't his, they're	_			12	R		13	Ī				
14. Could you me your pen, please?	14 L		D	Н			Т	<del>(</del> E	C			
15. I the mug on the floor.					15 <b>D</b>					Е	D	
16. 'No!'			16 <b>W</b>									J,
DOWN								·				
1. You pancakes in a pan.			7. Th	e Er	nglisl	n eat		_ vec	getab	les.		
2. Do you your money or spe	nd it?		9. l li	ke v	veari	ng _		jeans	i.			
3. The London Underground railway is called the		11.1	look	ced c	n th	e Inte	rnet	for th	ne pa	ncak	e _	
4. Do you have a temperature	e?		13. W	Ve w	/ent	to a	depar	tmer	nt			
			Answ	ers:	p.100							

		The state of the s				
		m	y Progre	255		
How well	did	you?		Not very well	OK	Very well
learn	the	past simple tense of in names of shops clothes words	rregular ver	bs		
do	the	team work exercise of	on page 69			
		U	'nit 9 was	boring	OK	interesting



### A. What can you remember about Elizabeth?

### **QUIZ** Circle A or B and then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

	A	В
1. What's Elizabeth's nickname?	Liz	Bess
2. Who is Brian?	Her brother	Her cousin
3. Who had a headache on Monday?	Brian	Elizabeth
4. Did he have a temperature?	No, he didn't.	Yes, he did.
5. How long was he in bed?	For a week	For a month
6. Where did Bess and her friends go on Friday?	The fish-and-chip shop	The fast food restaurant
7. Who fried pancakes when mum was away?	Father	Brian
8. What did Elizabeth drop on the floor?	A mug	A plate
9. Who went window shopping with Bess?	Brian	Susan
10. What did Elizabeth's mum buy in Oxford Street?	A dress and trainers	A dress and socks

### Read the questions from the QUIZ and give full answers.

1. The car \_\_\_\_\_ in front of us two minutes ago. (stop)

3. They \_\_\_\_ a maths test last week. (have)

5. Sue and Bess \_\_\_\_\_ window shopping. (go)

4. \_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ TV last night? (watch)

2. They \_\_\_\_\_ the lunch in the canteen last week. (not like)

Example: Elizabeth's nickname is Bess.

B. Check your grammar		
THE PAST SIMPLE TENSE  a. Write short answers.  1. Did Brian have a bad cough last week? Yes,  2. Did Elizabeth order chips? No,  3. Did Bess and Sue go window shopping? Yes,	_	Complete the sentences  1. Did you see boys in the park?  2. I didn't have fruit.  3. I had ice cream.
<ul> <li>b. Regular verbs: choose and read.</li> <li>1. Did they save/saved enough money?</li> <li>2. They didn't ordered/order potatoes.</li> <li>3. She walked/walk in the park yesterday</li> <li>c. Irregular verbs: choose and read.</li> </ul>	3	IRREGULAR COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES Complete the sentences.
<ol> <li>We have/had lunch at Grandma's yesterday.</li> <li>She didn't eat/ate meat last week.</li> <li>Did you get/got a present for Easter?</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>I'm at English than John. (good)</li> <li>Who is your friend? (good)</li> </ol>
d. Complete the sentences with the past simple tense.		3. I think toothache is than stomachache. (bad)

4. Elizabeth gets \_\_\_\_ pocket

A01,86,A8,87,88,A2,84,A5,A2,81:siuQ

money than Brian. (much)

C. Pronunciation -	Find and	write the	sound /	d/ /b	t/ /id/	/u:/ /u/
--------------------	----------	-----------	---------	-------	---------	----------

sav <b>ed</b>	decid <b>ed</b>	look <u>ed</u>	t <u>oo</u> th	c <u>oo</u> k
play <b>ed</b>	studi <u>ed</u>	work <b>ed</b>	f <u>oo</u> d	g <u>oo</u> d
shar <b>ed</b>	want <u>ed</u>	walk <b>ed</b>	r <u>u</u> ler	p <u>u</u> t

### D. Check your vocabulary

Complete with a hambu	irger, vitamins,	bread, a	dictionary,	trainers
-----------------------	------------------	----------	-------------	----------

- 1. I can buy \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a sports shop.
- I can order \_\_\_\_\_ in a fast food restaurant.
   I can buy \_\_\_\_\_ at the baker's.
- 4. I can buy \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a bookshop.
- 5. I can buy \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a pharmacy.

### Write in the correct box the things you can...

fry						
boil						
	pano	cakes	hamburger	දේද්ය	vegetables	
	meat	fish	notatoes	fruit	water	milk.

Some words can go in both boxes.

### What's the matter with you? Complete the sentences with

stomachache, headache, toothache, sore throat, temperature.

- 1. I ate too much. I've got \_\_\_
- 2. I'm going to see a dentist. I've got
- 3. Don't shout. I've got a \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. I have flu. I've got a high \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. I can't sing. I've got a \_\_\_\_\_

### PROJECT 3

#### You need:

INSTRUCTIONS:

This was me!

- a sheet of paper
- coloured pencils
  - coloured paper
- of 6, 7 or 8

glue scissors

old magazines

photos of you at the age

#### Work in groups of 6 - 10.

- Use coloured pencils to write the name of your project THIS WAS ME!
- Each pupil can stick one or more of his/her old photos on the sheet of paper and write sentences under them. Write about: your age in the photo, where you lived, what you liked to play, what you didn't like to eat, what your favourite toys were, how many friends you had, and who your best friend was.
- Draw or cut out pictures of your favourite toys and food at that age. Stick the pictures near your photos.

Show your project to the class and talk about it.





Nick's story
Free time, travel
and holidays

UNIT 10-A Nick's project

B I hate rules!

UNIT 11 -A Promises! Promises!

B Lucky Nick!

UNIT 12 - A Let's have a party!

B Nick is worried!

### In Unit 10, you'll study:

- articles: the, a, an
- must/mustn't
- have to / don't have to
- can/can't
- countries and people
- computer words

### In Unit 11, you'll study:

- the future simple tense
- adverbs: tomorrow, next year/month, in future
- means of transport: by bus, on foot
- the weather forecast: It'll be sunny tomorrow.
- phrasal verbs: look at, look for, look after

### In Unit 12, you'll study:

- would like
- tense revision
- expressions with play: play football, play the violin
- party ideas
- rhyming words

## UNIT 10A Nick's project

### Reading

Last week Nick did a project for his History class on Christopher Columbus. How much do you know about him? Complete the text with the information in the box.

money chickens west 90 dangerous 36 Italy

### Christopher Columbus

- A Christopher Columbus was born in in 1451 and he was an explorer. At that time, people in Europe traded with Asia, but the journey over land was very long and so they wanted to go there by sea. The Portuguese tried to sail south, but it was very far. Columbus wanted to sail He thought he could reach China in a few days.
- 8 He needed money for the journey, but rich people didn't want to help. They only laughed at him. In the end, the King and Queen of Spain gave Columbus and they also promised a reward to the first man to see land. Columbus promised them new lands, spices and gold.
- C On 3rd August 1492 Columbus and about sailors started their journey in three wooden ships. The biggest ship was the Santa Maria. They took salted fish, cheese, wine, water, and even some live pigs and with them.
- D The journey lasted longer than Columbus expected. There was no land, only water. The men were frightened, but after days, one sailor saw an island. Columbus lied and said, "I saw the island a few hours ago." This was because he wanted the King's reward.











2 🕩 Listen and check.

3 Nick chose some pictures for his project. Match the pictures to a paragraph (A-D).

YES



### 4 🕩 Is this true? Listen and check your answers.

1. The journey to Asia over land was not safe. YES NO

2. The King and Queen of Spain promised Columbus a reward. YES NO

3. Fifty sailors went on the voyage with Columbus. YES NO 4. The sailors enjoyed the journey. YES NO

5. Columbus was the first man to see land.



Columbus did not 'discover' America. A Viking, Lief Ericsson, found it 500 years earlier.

### **WORD BANK**

explorer /iks'plɔ:rər/ – истраживач discover /dɪs'kʌvə/ – открити, пронаћи salted fish /'sɔ:ltəd 'fiʃ/ – усољена риба trade /treɪd/ – трговати sail /seɪl/ – пловити reach /ri:t∫/ – стићи (до), досегнути spice /spaɪs/ – зачин expect /ik'spekt/ – очекивати

island /'aɪlənd/ – острво
Asia /'eɪʃə/ – Азија
The Portuguese /pɔ:tʃə'gi:z/ – Португалци
reward /rɪ'wɔ:d/ – награда, наградити
lie /laɪ/ – лаж, лагати
promise /'promɪs/ – обећање, обећати
frightened /'fraɪtnd/ – уплашен

NO

### 5 These sentences are from Nick's project. Find the mistakes.

- ...one sailor saw island.
  At that time, people in the Europe traded with the Asia.
- Christopher Columbus was explorer.
  - Biggest ship was the Santa Maria.

### Grammar



#### Articles

a/an

Singular nouns you can count:

a table, a boy, an apple

Jobs:

She is an architect.

The first time we mention something:

He saw an island.

#### the

When we mention something again:

He saw an island. The island was big.

Rivers, seas, and oceans:

The Sava is a long river.

After 'play' with musical instruments:

She plays the piano.

Superlatives:

Asia is the largest continent.

Ordinal numbers:

the first, the second, the third ...

Countries with 'United':

the United Kingdom

Surname+s = all the family:

the Browns

#### **NO** article

People's names, towns, and countries:

John lives in London.

Meals after 'have':

I have breakfast at 8am.

Sports after 'play':

I play football every day.

### 7 Choose the right word. Then ask and answer.

- 1. Did you play football / the football yesterday?
- 2. How many countries in **the Europe** / **Europe** can you name?
- 3. What time do you usually have a breakfast / breakfast?
- 4. Can you play guitar / the guitar?
- 5. Who is **fastest** / **the fastest** runner in the class?

### 8 Complete with a/an or the where necessary.

Peter Piper is	pilot. He was
born in Londo	on. When he was
boy, he liked	swimming in
River Thames. He a	lso played
saxophone. His fatl	ner had boat.
Pipers often s	ailed boat in
North Sea.	





### 9 Use the umbrella to complete the sentences.

1. Harry played the \_\_\_\_\_ at home. 2. Marko had with a friend.

### 10 Team work

How many sentences can you make? Don't forget to use an article where necessary.

Example: The Queen played the piano in December.

## UNIT 108 I hate rules

### Track 52

### Listen. Look back at Nick's diary. What lie does Nick tell his mum?

Nick's twin brothers Daniel and Donald are seven. They always get up early because they go to bed early.

Dan: Come on, Nick! Get out of bed!

Nick: Leave me alone! I went to bed late last

niaht.

Don: Mum says you must come and have

breakfast.

Nick: I must SLEEP! I don't have to eat! I'm sleepy,

not hungry.

Dan: Watch out! Mum's coming!
Mrs Taylor: Why are you still in bed?
Nick: Can I stay in bed a bit longer?
Mrs T.: No, you can't. It's almost 9 o'clock.

Nick: But I went to bed at midnight.

Mrs T.: At midnight?! Young man, you mustn't stay up late when you have school the next

day.

Nick: But I was on the Internet...

Mrs T.: The Internet?! You know you mustn't use the computer late at night.

**Nick**: But we must finish our Geography project. We have to give it to the teacher on Friday.

Mrs T.: What? You got the project ten days ago. Oh, Nicholas! You mustn't leave your

homework until the last minute.

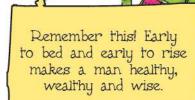
Nick: I know, Mum, but it's such a big project. Look at the list on my desk. It's all the things

we must do!

### Read and choose the correct word.

- 1. Nick has got two/three brothers.
- 2. The twins go to bed **before/after** Nick.
- Nick wants breakfast/to stay in bed.
- 4. Tomorrow is a school day/the weekend.
- 5. Nick's mum is happy/angry with Nick.
- 6. Nick has/doesn't have a lot to do for the project.

### 3 Make a list of what Nick must and mustn't do.



### **WORD BANK**

twin /twin/ – близанац
midnight /'midnait/ – поноћ
must /mast/ – морати
have to – морати

mustn't /'mʌsnt/ – не смети
almost /'ɔ:lməʊst/ – скоро
last minute – последњи тренутак
don't have to – не морати



### Look at Nick's list and read what he must do.

### PONT FORGET!

- PRINT OUT SOME ARTICLES V
- CUT OUT SOME MORE PHOTOS
- COLLECT SOME POSTCARDS
- BUY SOME GLUE
- FIND THE SCISSORS
- PHONE RED

### ■ Example:

- : He must print out some
- : articles about cities in Europe.



2. You must finish the test in 5 minutes.

### **5** Match and read.



1. It's 8 o'clock. You mustn't be late.



3. You mustn't do that. It will bite you.



4. You must wash your hands before you eat!

A\_\_\_ B\_\_\_C\_\_D\_\_E\_\_\_



5. You mustn't go near the cage!

### 6 What rules and obligations do you have at home?

### must

- make my bed every morning
- · go to bed before 10 o'clock
- study for 2 hours every day
- · have milk for breakfast
- · set the table for dinner
- keep my room tidy

### don't have to

- · cook
- iron
- · clean the windows
- get up before 6 am
- · walk the dog five times a day
- · wash my dad's car

### mustn't

- · play music too loudly
- watch TV for more than 2 hours
- talk on the phone for more than half an hour
- · drink fizzy drinks
- use the computer late at night
- · go out after 8 o'clock in the evening
- · shout

### Report to the class.

l must	
l mustn't	
I don't have to	

### 7 Time for a chat

You haven't got a ruler, a pencil, a red pen, blue paint, scissors, or glue.

### Ask your friend! See what he says!

'Can I use your <u>ruler</u>, please?'

'No, sorry. I'm using it now.'

'Can I use your <u>rubber</u>, please?'

'Of course, you can. Here you are!

### Unscramble to make four parts of your computer.

1. suome 3. renesc 2. rrpinte 4. bakrdoey

### Where can you see these signs?

You mustn't take photos here!

You mustn't use your mobile here.

You mustn't walk your dog here.

You mustn't swim here.



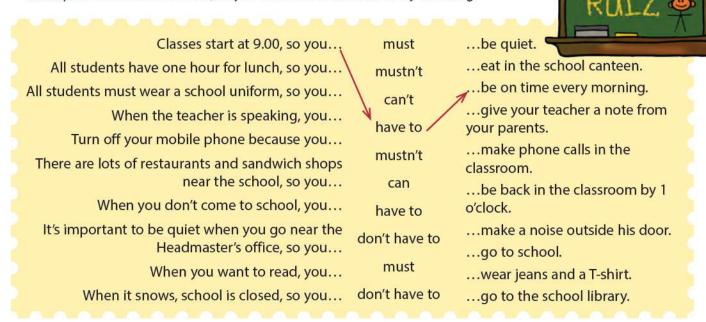
### ? Can you work this out?

Christopher, Samuel, and Olivia watched television on Monday and Tuesday. On Monday Christopher stopped watching at 9.25, Samuel at 10.15 and Olivia at 9.45. On Tuesday Christopher stopped watching at 8.50, but Samuel and Olivia stopped at 10.10 Work out how long each person watched TV for.

### School rules

Join the columns to make some English school rules. Write the sentences in your notebooks. Can you add some more?

Example: Classes start at 9.00, so you have to be on time every morning.



museum

theatre

shop

school

cinema

ZOO

library

What's wrong here?

library



### National symbols

The Welsh flag



Saint David is the patron saint of Wales. On St David's Day there are parties where people read poetry, dance and sing.



Each country has a patron saint. Saint George is the patron saint of England. We celebrate St George's Day on 23rd April. There are concerts and even dragon-fighting tournaments!

The English flag at a St George's Day tournament



A Scottish boy with the Scottish flag



Saint Andrew is the patron saint of Scotland. Scottish people celebrate St Andrew's Day. The tradition is for girls to ask St Andrew for a husband. People go to Scottish dances.

Do you know ...? The English flag

The Northern Irish flag



▼ The UK flag is a combination of the Scottish, Irish and English flags.



Saint Patrick is the patron saint of Ireland. On St Patrick's Day, the Irish wear green clothes and they even put green paint in the rivers!



Not very well

My Progress

How well did you ....?

... learn the articles: a/an, the, o can / can't must / mustn't / don't have to words about computers about Columbus' journey ... do the team work exercise on page 79?

The Scottish flag

Unit	10	was	
------	----	-----	--







# Promises!



31st December

Dear Diary,

Well, it will be New Year's Day tomorrow and it's time to make some decisions about next year. So here goes!

- 1. I won't leave my homework until the last minute.
- 2. I will help mum more with the housework.
- 3. I will walk to school more often.
- 4. I will have an exciting summer holiday.

The first half of the year is almost over and here's the list of decisions and promises Nick made last December. How successful is he being? Well, his Mum says he still doesn't do his homework on time, but

she is happier now because he vacuums the living room once a week and takes the rubbish out every day. Dad still drives him to school. He prefers going by car to walking. In fact, he hates going on foot! They'll soon finish school for the summer and Nick is going on holiday to Greece. His Mum promises it will be exciting. They're going to fly there and his Mum says they'll stay in a hotel by the beach. It'll be great!

¶ How successful is Nick being?
√ or x the decisions he made last year.

### Circle the answer.

- 1. Does Nick do his homework on time?
- 2. What month is it?
- 3. How often does he vacuum the living room?
- 4. Does Nick like walking?
- 5. How will Nick travel to Greece?

Yes No January June

Once a day Four times a month

Yes No By plane By car

### 3 Listen and check. 🕟 Track 54





Summer holidays in Britain don't start until the end of July.

### **WORD BANK**

decision /di'siʒən/ — одлука
promise /'promis / — обећање
following /'foləuɪŋ/ — наступајући
by (the beach) — поред (плаже)
nearly /'nɪəli/ — скоро
successful /sək'sesfəl/ — успешан
on time — на време
still /stɪl/ — још увек
drive /draɪv/ — возити, путовати колима
fly /flaɪ/ — летети, путовати авионом
decide /di'saɪd/ — одлучити
on foot — пешице

### Can you complete the sentences using the text about Nick's decisions?

It \_\_\_\_\_\_ New Year's Day tomorrow. I \_\_\_\_ my homework until the last minute. Mum promises it exciting.

#### Grammar clipboard The future simple tense - 'will' positive interrogative negative l/you/he/she/it will not go. I/you/he/she/it I/you/ he/she/it They/we We/they We/they You use 'will': • to talk about decisions you make Short forms: | | will go. = |'| go. when you're talking She will go. = She'll go. to make promises about tomorrow, next week, next year, etc. **Short answers:** Yes, I will. / No, I won't. to talk about future facts.

year

### S Choose the correct word and read the sentence.

- 1. I am / will be on time tomorrow.
- 2. She will get / gets a new computer next year.

### 3. They **don't come** / **won't come** next month. 4. I do / will do my homework tomorrow. Decisions and promises work harder, start a new hobby, be kinder, buy a will, '11, computer game, won't read more, fall in love, send an email, speak more English, visit a foreign country my, your, family, aunt, teacher, I, he, they, you tomorrow, next month, next week, in 2025 next

### Pick a word or phrase and complete the sentences.

You can use a word or phrase only once!

1. I'll go t	o Australia
2	_ you come to my party?
3. She	phone tomorrow.
4. You'll	in 2024.

### **Team work**

- 1. How many sentences can your team make in 2 minutes? Example: My aunt will send an email next week.
- 2. How many questions with YOUR and YOU can your team make in 2 minutes? Example: Will your teacher visit a foreign country next month?
- 3. Now ask a partner some of your questions.

## UNIT 118 Holidays in Greece

### Read and listen to the conversation and complete the ads.

1. A. £30 B. £50 2. A. 30 minutes B. One minute 3. A. Olympic swimming pool B. tennis court 4. A. allowed B. not allowed

### **GRAND HOTEL**

Rooms \_\_\_\_(1) per person per night All rooms with a balcony Wifi, cable TV (2) from the sea

Disco every night Pets \_\_\_\_\_(4)



### **BEACH HOTEL**

Rooms \_\_\_\_(1) per person per night All rooms with a balcony Telephone, TV Sports: (3)
Pets (4)

### 2 Answer.

- 1. How do guests at the Grand Hotel travel to the beach?
- 2. What kind of animal is Fluffy?
- 3. Why will Nick's dad sleep well at the Beach Hotel?
- 4. How long will they go to Greece for?
- 5. What will the weather be like in Greece?

### Complete the sentences from the text.

- 1. Who will look \_\_\_\_\_ Fluffy?
- 2. Nick's mum and dad are looking ads.
- 3. They are looking \_\_\_\_\_ a hotel in Greece.

### Track 56

Nick's mum and dad are looking at ads for their summer holiday. They are looking for a hotel in Greece.

Mum: Look at this ad. The Grand Hotel. It's got a huge swimming pool. That will be good for the kids.

Dad: Yes, but it's quite expensive and it's a long way to the beach. Guests must go by car or bus. I like walking to the beach.

Mum: You're right. And look! I can't believe it! You can't take dogs there. Who will look after Fluffy?

Dad: This hotel is better. The Beach Hotel. We can walk to the beach and it's cheaper.

Mum: And we can take Fluffy. Nick will be happy. He can play tennis there as well.

Dad: Also, it doesn't have a disco. That means I will sleep well. I hate loud music.

**Mum**: Do you want to go for one week or two? Dad: I think we'll go for two weeks. There's a lot to see in Greece.

Mum: And the weather will be nicer than here in Britain. It will be sunny and hot.

Dad: I hope so! It always rains here. Do you

remember last summer? Mum: I'll never forget it!

### Now complete these sentences. Use the words in the boxes.

at after for

- Stop talking. The teacher is looking us.
- 2. I can't find my earring. Will you help me look \_\_\_it?
- I have to go out. Will you look \_\_\_\_\_ the baby?

#### **WORD BANK**

ad /æd/ - оглас, реклама allowed /ə'laud/ – дозвољено believe /bɪ'li:v/ – веровати look for – тражити

look after - пазити, водити рачуна

look at - гледати у, посматрати

Every

### S What will you and your friends do in July?

Name:	go to the seaside	go abroad	go to the mountains	travel by plane	stay at home
Friend 1: Nick	✓	✓	×	✓	×
Friend 2					
Friend 3					
1					

### Report to the class.

Example: Nick will go abroad. He won't go to the mountains.

### 6 Time for a chat

- What do you think happened on Nick's last summer holiday?
- Imagine you had a terrible summer holiday with your friends. What happened?

### **7** Pair work

Look at the first calendar.

Ask your partner five questions beginning 'What day will it be on...?'

They have three seconds to guess without looking at the calendar. They score a point for each correct answer.

Then swap over and ask/answer questions about the other calendar.

A: What day will it be on 21st July 2025?

B: It will be a Friday!

A: No, it won't. (It will be a Wednesday)

My score \_\_\_\_ My partner's score \_\_\_







### Can you work it out?

Four years ago I was seven and my mother was 4 times older than me. How old will I be in 5 years? I'll be \_\_\_\_\_. How old will my mother be in 5 years? She'll be \_\_\_\_\_. Answer at the bottom of the page.

### **2** Read the sentence. Then change one part of the sentence. Repeat. How many sentences can you make?

Tomorrow	a dog	and a cat	will fly to	Greece.
Next week	a dog	and a cat	will fly to	Greece.
Next week	a dog	and a cat	will <b>eat in</b>	Greece.
Next week	an elephant	and a cat	will eat in	Greece.

### 3 Match the weather. It's...

- a) cold
- b) cloudy
- c) snowing
- d) sunny
- e) raining













London is famous for its red doubledecker buses and it also has an underground railway called the Tube. Taxis in London are black.

#### **Transport**

The transport in Britain is the same as in a lot of countries. Most people travel by car. In towns, there are buses and trains. Buses that travel between two towns are called 'coaches'. Trains in Britain are very fast but very expensive.





Answer, ex. 1: I'll be sixteen. She'll be thirty-seven.



I've never been on a plane, but there are 470 airports in England! London has five airports, and the biggest is Heathrow. Britain is an island, so boat travel is popular. You can travel to Ireland, France, and Spain by ferry. You can also travel between England and France by train through the Channel Tunnel.



## Do you know ...?

- ✓ The Tube is the oldest metro system in the world.
- Heathrow is one of the busiest airports in the world.
- ✓ A 3-hour train journey in Britain can cost over 150 euros!





#### The British weather

Everyone has heard about the British weather! The winters are cold, but not too cold - it is usually over 0°C. In summer, the British are happy when it is hotter

than 20°C. They even have summer barbecues in the rain!

		My Progre	ess	
How well	did	you?	Not very well OK	Very well
learn	the	weather words phrasal verbs with look		
do	the the	team work exercise on page 85 pair work exercise on p 87		

## UNIT 12A Let's have a party!



The end of school is near. We always have a party at school on the last Saturday in June. The weather in June is usually nice, so we have a party in the school yard. This year we want our party to be the best ever! Yesterday we had a class meeting. Miss Blake asked us to write down our ideas for the party. She told us to think about an exhibition, music, games, competitions, a raffle, and food and drinks for the party.

Would you like to see our ideas?

How about a dancing competition?! We had one last year.

Sue

A KARAOKE COMPETITION WOULD BE GREAT. ELIZABETH

I could make ham and cheese sandwiches? I'll make 50 of them.

Shall I collect money for fizzy drinks? Sam

How about playing Charades?! It's a great game for parties!

WE CAN HAVE AN EXHIBITION OF OUR BEST PAINTINGS. WilliAM

My dad could bring some fantastic lights. Tom I'll bring some CDs. The latest tracks! Jack

I wouldn't like
to have a raffle!
It's boring.
Jenny.

Why don't we ask 'The Whizzkids' to play for us?! Live music is the best! Kate There were many different ideas but we all agreed on one thing — the music.

We all want to have a live band. We have a terrific school band called 'The Whizzkids'. When they are on stage, they always wear black. Moira is the singer, but she also plays the guitar. Her boyfriend Robert plays the drums and his brother plays the keyboard. I love listening to their music.

### Read, listen and answer.

1.	Who likes fizzy drinks?	Sam	Tom
2.	Who is interested in a band?	Kate	Jenny
3.	Who thinks food is important?	Sarah	Tom
4.	Who is good at acting?	Joe	William
5.	Who loves dancing?	Susan	Tom
6.	Who wants people to see		
	his pictures?	William	Joe

### 2 What do you think?

Which ideas are the best? Why?

3 🕩 Listen and check. 🕟 Track 58

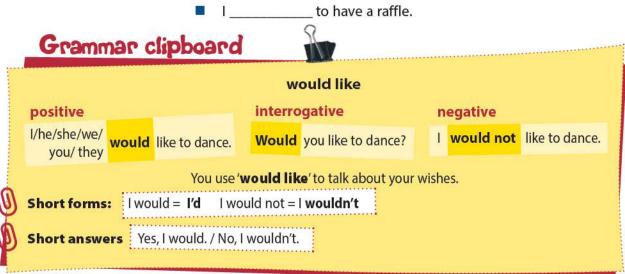
#### WORD BANK

write down – написати
agree /ə'gri:/ – сложити се
exhibition /'eksı'bı∫п/ – изложба
abroad /ə'brɔ:d/ – иностранство

raffle /'ræfəl/ – лутрија live music /laɪv 'mju:zɪk/ – музика уживо Charades /ʃə'rɑ:dz/ – игра пантомиме

### Complete the sentences using the text about the party plans.

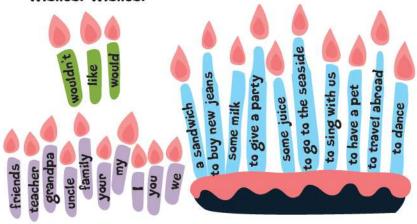
you like \_\_\_\_ see our ideas? A karaoke competition \_\_\_\_\_ be great.



### S Put the words into the right order.

- 1. like would eat We strawberries to.
- 2. not would She to America go to like.
- 3. soup like for Would you lunch?

### Wishes! Wishes!



### 6 Pick a word or phrase and complete the sentences.

You can use a word or phrase only once!

- 1. They would \_\_\_\_\_ to go to London.
- 2. My would like to sing with us.
- I would like \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ you like some milk?
- We \_\_\_\_\_ like to go to London. It always rains there! We prefer Italy.

### 7 Team work

 How many sentences can you make from the words on the candles?

Example: I would like a sandwich.

2. How many questions can you ask?

Example: Would you like to have a pet?

### LOOK!

Shall we...? Why don't we...? We could... How about...?

### 8 Make plans with your partner for the weekend.

### Example:

'Why don't we play football?'
'Yes, that's a good idea!' /
'No, it will be cold.'

## UNIT 128 Nick is worried!

### Listen and read. How is Nick feeling?

### Track 60

When I came home from the park this morning, my mum told me that Moira phoned. Strange! She never phones me. I don't know who gave her my phone number. I have to phone her at 12 o'clock. I wonder what she wants to tell me. Mum said her voice was strange. I hope she isn't ill! It would be a disaster! Yesterday "The Whizzkids' promised to play for us at our party.

- What do you think Moira wants to tell Nick?
- 3 Listen to Nick and Moira's phone conversation and choose the correct sentence.
  - Moira's voice is the same / different.
  - 2. Moira has got a sore throat / toothache.
  - 3. She can / can't go to the party.
  - 4. The party is in three / five days.
  - Moira must stay in bed for a month / week.

### Track 61

Moira: Hello.

**Nick**: Hello! Is that you, Moira? **Moira**: Yes, Nick. It's me.

Nick: What's the matter with your voice?

**Moira**: I've got a sore throat and a high temperature as well.

Nick: Oh, no. The party's in three days!

**Moira**: I'm sorry, Nick, but I must stay in bed for a week.

### 4 Read the next part.

### What does Moira think they can do? Finish her sentence!



### **WORD BANK**

strange /'streɪndʒ/ — чудан wonder /'wʌndə/ — питати се disaster /dɪ'za:stə/ — катастрофа panic /'pænɪk/ — паничити

### 5 Write the rhyming words and read.

cheese

eat

cheat

cat

bad

right hair



### **Promises**

I promise! I promise! I'll be polite, I won't do anything That isn't \_\_\_\_\_

I'll always say SORRY, THANK YOU and PLEASE! I'll even start Eating \_\_\_\_\_

I'll start eating cabbage, It's better than meat! I won't say YUCK To the food I \_\_\_\_\_

I'll help old people Cross the street, I'll do my tests And I won't

I'll read my books, I promise that, I won't tease dogs, I'll feed my \_\_\_\_\_.

I'll cut my nails, I'll wash my \_\_\_\_\_ And of my teeth I'll take good care.

I won't talk back
To Mum and Dad.
I cross my heart!
I won't be \_\_\_\_\_!







### 6 Which of the promises can you make?

### Word Bank



#### Crossword Most of the answers are words from Units 10 - 12. U 3 Across W S 2. I on the Internet every E P evening. 6 5 **F** B R D 3. My brother has the same birthday as me. We are \_\_\_\_. W R **6.** I would like to travel Greece, England or America. C 8. Can you write \_\_\_\_ your ideas? 10 9. He prefers \_\_\_\_ music to CDs. E D **12.** I make lots of \_\_\_\_ on 1<sup>st</sup> January. 12 M I S P 14. London is the \_\_\_\_ city of England. 13 S **15.** We went to an \_\_\_\_ of famous paintings at the museum yesterday. T **16.** We are from Greece. We are \_\_\_\_. S Y **17.** He is from France. He is \_\_\_\_\_. 15 X H B N 0 V Down 16 17 E K E H 1. Can you look \_\_\_\_ my cat when I'm on holiday, please? 4. Don't \_\_\_\_ - everything will

- be OK.
- 5. I can't find my pen. Can you help me look \_\_\_\_ it?
- 7. My mum \_\_\_\_ me to school in the car. It is too far to walk.
- 10. What a \_\_\_\_! The band can't play at the party.
- 11. I can't \_\_\_\_ it! You are still eating!
- **13.** Next year we will \_\_\_\_ to Turkey. I love planes.

Answers: p.100



She'll be coming round the mountain when she comes. She'll be coming round the mountain when she comes. She'll be coming round the mountain coming round the mountain coming round the mountain when she comes.

### Verse 2

She'll be driving six white horses when she comes.....

#### Verse 3

We'll all go out to meet her when she comes ...

#### Verse 4

We'll all have chicken and dumplings when she comes....

#### Verse 5

We'll be singing Hallelujah when she comes....

Can you make up some more verses?

## Culture



### **Special Days**

Christmas and Easter are family times in England. On Christmas Day (25<sup>th</sup> December),



all the family opens presents around the Christmas tree. Then we eat a big meal together. The tradition is to eat roast turkey. At Easter, we give chocolate eggs to each other and the Easter bunny comes to visit.

## Do you know ...?

- The British spend over 900,000,000 euros on cards, flowers, chocolates and other presents for Valentine's Day.
- ✓ Father Christmas visits children on 24th December (Christmas Eve).
- The British don't celebrate "Women's Day" on 8th March.





The British love parties and the chance to celebrate. Of course, we have birthday parties. I'll

have a fancy-dress party for my next birthday – everyone will wear costumes.

British children also celebrate Halloween on 31<sup>st</sup> October. We make lamps from pumpkins and dress up as ghosts and witches.



There are other special days in Britain. February 14<sup>th</sup> is Valentine's Day — you give presents and cards to the person you love.



People think it is bad luck to write your name in the card, so people just write 'Love from?' We also celebrate 'Mother's Day', usually in March. We give presents to our mums and look after them very well!



### My Progress

now well a	ia you
learn	'would like'
	how to make suggestions words that rhyme
	how to make suggestions words that rhyme
THE PURPLE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	the expressions with play
do	the team work exercise on page 91

Not very well	OK	Very well	
-			





### A. What can you remember about Nick?

### QUIZ Circle A or B and then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

		**	_
1.	Are Nick's brothers twins?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.
2.	How old are they?	Older than Nick	Younger than Nick
3.	Did Nick go to bed early last night?	Yes, he did.	No, he didn't.
4.	What must Nick finish for school?	A project	A painting
5.	Is Nick's project big?	Yes, it is.	No, it isn't.
6.	Did Nick go to Greece last year?	No, he didn't.	Yes, he did.
7.	Where will the Taylors go in August?	Greece	Spain
8.	How long will they go to Greece for?	A month	Two weeks
9.	What will the weather be like in Greece?	Sunny	Rainy
10	. What kind of music would the children like at the party?	Classical music	The latest hits

### Read the questions from the QUIZ and give full answers.

Example: Nick's brothers are twins.

### B. Check your grammar

4 A	RT	ICL	ES

	-1					anni Caranta
a (	h	300	A :	m	AA P	rite.
CI.				411	M VV	

- 1. I am \_\_\_\_\_ pupil. **a / the**
- 2. When I go to London, I'll see \_\_\_\_\_ River Thames. a / the
- 3. Last year they travelled to \_\_\_ United States of America. a / the
- 4. Be quiet, Red! \_\_\_\_\_ teacher is looking at us. a / the

### b. Complete the sentences with

### a, an, the where necessary.

- We saw \_\_\_\_\_ William yesterday.
- 2. William wants to be \_\_\_\_\_ best footballer in the world.
- 3. Girls usually play \_\_\_\_\_ volleyball in PE.
- 4. Kate would like to play \_\_\_\_\_ piano.

### 2 THE FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE Complete with will, 'll, won't.

1.	Don't worry! I	help you with the
	housework tomo	rrow morning

- 2. I promise I \_\_\_\_\_ cheat again!
- 3. \_\_\_\_ you send me a postcard from Serbia?
- 4. They \_\_\_\_\_ visit Hungary next year. They're happy.
- 5. Oh, no! We \_\_\_\_\_ have a test next week.

### 3 MUST/MUSTN'T

### Complete the sentences.

- Nick \_\_\_\_\_ finish the project for Monday.
- Nick \_\_\_\_\_ use the computer late at night.

### **4** WOULD LIKE

### Answer the questions.

- 1. What instrument would you like to play well? \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. What sport would you like to play well?

### C. Pronunciation – Find and write the sound $\frac{\theta}{ee}$ /t $\int \frac{\partial f}{\partial s}$ /19/

chair	they	<b>j</b> ump	too <b>th</b> ache	n <b>ear</b>	chair
Por <b>tu</b> guese	this	a <b>g</b> e	three	ear	hair
<b>Ch</b> ina	that	Germany	<b>th</b> anks	dear	wear

### D. Check your vocabulary

1	Match a	nd complete.	Match and re	ad.
	Serbi	ia Great Britain America Russia	1. to send	a) on the phone
	1. We a	re British. We are from	2. to solve	b) a problem
	2. I am	Serbian. I am from	3. to watch 4. to surf	c) an e-mail d) the Internet
	3. They	are Russian. They are from	5. to print	e) TV
3	Comple	ete the sentences with at after for.	6. to talk	f) with a printer
	1. Will y	you look the baby tomorrow morning? I must go	o to the bank.	
	2. Stop	looking my test. The teacher will think you are chea	ating!	
	3 'Wha	t are you looking 7' 'My favourite CD. I don't know w	where it is!	

### **PROJECT 4**

### A game: Things I'll do this summer!

You need:	<ul> <li>a big sheet of paper</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>scissors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>coloured paper</li> </ul>
	• glue	<ul> <li>coloured pencils</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>old magazines</li> </ul>
		INSTRUCTIONS:	,

- Work in two teams.
- Use coloured pencils to write the name of your project at the top of the big sheet of paper THINGS I'LL DO THIS SUMMER!
- Everyone in the team must find and cut out pictures of different places for a holiday: the seaside, mountains, villages, and different countries. Stick them on the paper in one group and write the names of the places under each picture. Above this group of pictures write: I'll go to...
- Then everyone must find and cut out pictures of different means of transport: a plane, a train, a car, a bus, etc. Stick them on the paper in one group and write the names of the vehicles under each picture. Above this group of pictures write: I'll travel by ...
- Now everyone must draw or find and cut out pictures of things you do when you're on holiday: swim, play football, read, write postcards, visit museums, go shopping, go to the cinema, etc. Stick them on the paper in one group and write the names of the activities under each picture. Above this group of pictures write: I'll ...
- REMEMBER who stuck each picture on the paper!

### Game ------

Play the game with a different team. You must guess who stuck each picture on the paper. If you guess right, you score a point for your team.

The teams take turns in asking and answering questions.

Example: a) Will Mira go to the seaside? b) Will Marko travel by car? c) Will Ana swim? Good luck!

### When someone says ... you can answer...

Hi! / Hello! Hi! / Hello!

Good morning! Good morning!

Good afternoon! Good afternoon!

Good evening! Good evening!

Nice to see you! Nice to see you, too.

How do you do? How do you do?

Pleased to meet you! You, too.

How are you? Fine, thanks!

Bye! Bye!
Goodbye! Bye!
See you! Bye!
See you soon! See you!
Have a nice day! You too!
Have fun! Thank you!
Have a nice trip! Thanks!
Enjoy yourself! Thank you!
Good night! Good night!

Here you are! Thanks!
Thank you! You're welcome!
Sorry! It's all right!
I'm very sorry! It's OK! Don't worry!

Would you like some tea? Yes, please. Would you like some juice? No, thanks.

### When you like something, you can say...

It's terrific! / It's great! /
It's fantastic! / It's so cool! / It's awesome! / Yummy!

### When you don't like something, you can say ...

It's awful! / It's disgusting! / It's ugly! / Yuck!

- **A** Student activities
  - **8** Listening texts
  - **G** Grammar review
    - Irregular verbs
- E Phonetic symbols
  - F Parts of speech
    - **G** Word sets

### A Student activities

#### **Textbook Revision:**

### Can you work this out?

Give four children an apple each, and give the fifth child the bag with the apple inside it.

### Textbook 1B, ex. 5:

#### A

Name Harold Jones Age 11
Amanda Jones
Nickname Harry / Mandy
Country Wales
Skills Drawing

Favourite subject Music

### Textbook 3C: Maths problems

01: £8

02: 54 pictures03: 30 eyes, 44 legs04: 8 pancakes

### Textbook 3C, CROSSWORD:

ACROSS: 4. BORING 5. TROUBLE 8. INTERESTED 10. ART 11. HISTORY 15. MOBILE 16. ROWING 17. AN 18. DREAM 19. CHEAT

**DOWN**: 1. FOUR 2. NICKNAME 3. PRACTISE 6. AGE 7. PLAYING 9. EUROPE 12. SOUTH 13. ARE 14. MIXED 17. AT 18. DO

#### Textbook 4B:

### Can you work this out?

He's going to wash up twice a day.

### Textbook 6C, CROSSWORD:

**ACROSS**: 2. PORT 4. VACUUM 5. CEREAL 7. FAMOUS 8. WAS 11. JEALOUS 12. DINING 13. EARRINGS 14. BIGGEST 15. GOING

**DOWN**: 1. RUBBISH 3. THE 5. COOKER 6. LAW 9. COUSINS 10. SMILE 12. DUSTING

### Textbook 8B, ex 7:

### The secret word

1. sha**R**e
2. hous**E**3. **C**ook
4. Br**I**an
5. **P**hone
6. ord**E**r

floo**R**fri**E**d
pan**C**akes
m**I**xed
hel**P E**asy

The secret word is RECIPE.

### Textbook 9C, CROSSWORD:

**ACROSS**: 2. SORE 5. FLU 6. MINE 8. POCKET 10. HURTS 12. HERS 14. LEND 15. DROPPED 16. WAY

**DOWN**: 1. FRY 2. SAVE 3. TUBE 4. HIGH 7. BOILED 9. TRENDY 11. RECIPE 13. STORE

### Workbook 10B: A puzzle

BIG	LIKE	CUT	MEAL	TALL
BAG	lake	cat	meat	wall
BAD	late	cap	<u>me<b>e</b>t</u>	walk
SAD	HATE	MAP	FEET	TALK

#### Textbook 11C:

### Can you work this out?

I'll be sixteen. She'll be thirty-seven.

#### Textbook 12C, CROSSWORD:

**ACROSS**: 2. SURF 3. TWINS 6. ABROAD 8. DOWN 9. LIVE 12. PROMISES 14. CAPITAL 15. EXHIBITION 16. GREEK 17. FRENCH

**DOWN**: 1. AFTER 4. PANIC 5. FOR 7. DRIVES 10. DISASTER 11. BELIEVE 13. FLY

#### Textbook 1B, ex 5:

B

Name James Hogg Age 10
Helen Hogg
Nickname Hoggy
Country Ireland
Skills Languages
Favourite subject PE

### **B** Listening texts

### Track 2. Check your answers. Textbook 1A, ex.1

- 1. Hi. I'm William. Art is my favourite subject.
- 2. Hi! I'm Sue. My favourite subject is French.
- Hello! I'm Elizabeth Hopkins. My favourite subject is Maths.
- 4. Hello! My name is Nicholas Taylor. My favourite subject is Geography.

### Track 6. Listen and check. Textbook 2A, ex. 4

William and Susan go to a mixed school, but Claire doesn't go to a mixed school. William, Claire and Susan all wear uniforms. Only Claire goes to school on Saturdays. William and Claire live far from school. They travel by bus. Susan doesn't live far from school. She walks home.

### Track 10. Listen and check your answers. Textbook 3A, ex.3

- 1. FALSE. William's favourite day is Thursday.
- 2. FALSE. The weather is nice today. It's a lovely day for football.
- 3. FALSE. Some of the girls play football with the boys.
- 4. FALSE. The boys never play volleyball with the girls.
- 5. TRUE. When it rains, the children aren't outside. They go to the gym.

### Track 15. Listen and check your answers. Textbook 4A, ex.5

- It's not the end of the school year. It's the end of half-term.
- 2. Susan always plays a lot when she's on holiday.
- 3. Susan's flat is the biggest in the street.
- 4. There are many museums in Liverpool.
- 5. Football is very popular in Liverpool.

### Track 20. Listen and check. Textbook 5A, ex. 3

#### Rooms

A living room D kitchen
B bedroom E dining room
C bathroom F balcony

#### **Furniture**

a wardrobe
 a bath
 a washing machine
 a shower
 a dishwasher
 an armchair
 a toilet
 a cooker
 a mirror
 a basin
 an armchair

### Track 22. Listen and Check your answers. Textbook 5A, ex.7

**Picture 1a:** There is a bed in the corner near the door with a huge poster above it.

**Picture 2a:** Susan's desk is near the window. It has lots of things on it and two boxes full of toys under it. There is a big shelf with books and a chair next to the desk.

**Picture 3b:** There is a small sofa between the bookshelf and the wardrobe. There are also clothes on the floor.

#### Track 26. Listen and check.

#### Textbook 6A, ex.2

- My mum has got blond hair and blue eyes. She's called Emma.
- 2. My grandma's name is Lynn. She's got grey hair and blue eyes.
- My grandpa has got brown hair. His name's Ron.
- 4. My aunty also has brown hair. Her name's Ann.
- 5. Ron's son-in-law is called Pete. He is Ann's husband and my uncle.
- 6. My cousins are Sarah and Jim.

### Track 28. Listen and check.

### Textbook 6A, ex.4

- 1. It was Sunday yesterday.
- 2. It was Grandma Lynn's birthday. She is 67.
- 3. Sue and her mum were at the party first.
- 4. He was ill.
- 5. Yes, he was. He was in bed all day.

### Track 31. Listen and match.

### Textbook 6B, ex.6

- 1. Hi! I've got dark curly hair, blue eyes and glasses. I'm pretty. **B**
- 2. Hello! I've got short fair hair, brown eyes and an earring. I'm clever. D
- 3. Hi there! I've got long fair hair, blue eyes and a cap. I'm handsome. C
- 4. Hello kids! I've got long dark hair, dark eyes and earrings. I'm cool. A

#### Track 34. Listen and check.

#### Textbook 7A, ex.2

**In Picture A**, Brian has a sore throat. It was Tuesday.

**In Picture B**, Brian has a high temperature and he is tired and sleepy. It was Wednesday.

**In Picture C**, Brian has a cough. It was Thursday. **In Picture D**, Brian has a headache. It was Monday.

In Picture E, Brian is sneezing. It was Friday.

### Track 41. Listen and check.

### Textbook 8A, ex.4

- NO. The children didn't want to go to the zoo. They decided to get a take-away from a restaurant.
- 2. NO. The fast food restaurant is the cheapest.
- 3. NO. The children didn't have their food in the restaurant. They had it in the park.
- 4. YES. The children walked slowly home.
- 5. NO. It was Elizabeth's mother who shouted loudly.

### Track 42. Listen and check.

### Textbook 8B, ex.6

- 1. I didn't want to drop it. d
- 2. Did you fry the pancakes? No, I didn't. a
- 3. Did you order a hamburger? c
- 4. I played basketball yesterday. b

### Track 44. Listen and check.

### Textbook 9A, ex.3

- In this shop you can buy all kinds of books.
   The bookshop is C.
- 2. In this shop you can buy guitars and other instruments. The music shop is D.
- 3. In this shop you can buy fresh bread, rolls, muffins and buns. The baker's is E.
- 4. When you aren't feeling well, you can buy medicine and vitamins at this shop. The pharmacy is F.
- You can buy trainers, sweatshirts, and all kinds of sports clothes in shop A, the sports shop.
- You can buy a skateboard, a football, Monopoly, chess and many other games and toys in shop B, the toy shop.
- 7. Elizabeth and Susan were interested in shop A, the sports shop.

### Track 50. Listen and check your answers. Textbook 10A, ex.4

- 1. YES The journey over land was long and dangerous.
- 2. NO They promised a reward to the first man to see land.
- 3. NO About ninety sailors sailed with Columbus.
- NO The sailors were frightened because they travelled for many days and didn't see any land.
- 5. NO Another sailor saw land first, but Columbus lied because he wanted the King and Queen's reward.

### Track 54. Listen and check.

### Textbook 11A, ex.3

- 1. No, he doesn't. He still does his homework at the last minute.
- 2. It's June. It's nearly the second half of the year and school will finish soon.
- 3. He vacuums the living room once a week. That is 4 times a month.
- 4. No, he doesn't. He hates going to school on foot.
- 5. By plane. He's going to fly.

### Track 58. Listen and check. Textbook 12A, ex.3

- 1. Sam likes cola. He likes fizzy drinks.
- 2. Kate is interested in a band. She likes live music.
- 3. Sarah thinks that food is important.
- 4. Joe is good at acting. He likes playing Charades.
- 5. Susan loves dancing.
- 6. William wants people to see his pictures. He'd like to have an exhibition of paintings.

### **G** Grammar review

### **Units 1 - 3**

### **↑** The present simple tense

You use the present simple for habits or things that are true: always, sometimes, usually, often, never, every day, etc.

### a. 'to be' - am, is, are

#### positive

I **am** a pupil. He/she/it **is** eleven. We/you/they **are** happy.

### interrogative

Am I a pupil?

Is he/she/it eleven?

Are we/you/they happy?

### negative

I **am not** a pupil. He/she/it **is not** eleven. We/you/they **are not** happy.

**Short forms:** I am = I'm he is = he's we are = we're am not = 'm not is not = isn't are not = aren't

**Short answers:** Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.

'Wh-' questions: What / Who / Where / How are you?

**b. 'have'** (a meal, a bath, a test, a good time)

#### positive

I/you/we/they **HAVE...** He/she it **HAS...** 

#### interrogative

(What) **DOES** he/she/it **HAVE...?** 

#### negative

l/you/we/they **DO NOT HAVE...** He/she/it **DOES NOT HAVE ...** 

**Short forms**: do not = don't does not = doesn't

**Short answers:** Yes, I do. / No, I don't Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.

### c. 'like, play, study'

#### positive

I/we/you /they **LIKE...** He/she/it **LIKES...** 

### interrogative

(Who) **DO** I/ we/you/they **LIKE..?** (Where) **DOES** he/she/it **LIKE..?** 

### negative

I/we/you/they **DO NOT LIKE...** He/she/it **DOES NOT LIKE...** 

### 2 Object pronouns

Who is it for? It's for me / you / him / her / it / us / you / them.

### The present continuous tense: 'to be + ...ing'

You use the present continuous tense to describe something that is happening **NOW**, **AT THE MOMENT, TODAY**.

positive

I am
He/she/it is sitting.
We/you/they are

interrogative

(Why) Am I (Where) Is he/she/it sitting? (Where) Are you/we/they negative

l am not He/she/it is not sitting. We/you/they are not

Short answers: Are you sitting? Yes, I am. / No. I'm not.

### **Units 4 - 6**

### d 'going to'

You use to be + going to + verb to talk about future plans:

TONIGHT, TOMORROW, NEXT WEEK, NEXT SUMMER, NEXT YEAR

positive

lam

He/she/it is **going to play**.

You/we/they are

interrogative

Am I

Is he/she/it **going to play?** Are you/we/they?

negative

I am not

He/she/it is not **going to play**. You/we/they are not

### 2 The comparison of short adjectives

positive

cold big lovely comparative

colder (than) bigger (than) lovelier (than) superlative

the coldest the biggest the loveliest Remember the spelling!

old → older / the oldest
happy → happier / the happiest
sad → sadder / the saddest

### 3 The comparison of long adjectives

positive

beautiful interesting difficult comparative

more beautiful (than) more interesting (than) more difficult (than) superlative

the most beautiful the most interesting the most difficult

### 4 'once, twice, three times'

How often...? I go swimming once a week.

### 5 'there is/isn't / there are/aren't'

**How many...?** There is one book. / There are three books.

### 6 The plural of nouns

#### REGULAR

one bedroom – two bedrooms one book – two books

one balcony – two balconies one country – two countries

one shelf – two shelv**es** one knife – two kniv**es** 

#### **IRREGULAR**

one mouse – two mice
one sheep – two sheep
one fish – two fish
one child – two children
one man – two men
one woman – two women
one tooth – two teeth
one foot – two feet

### 7 Possessive 's

Whose ...?

#### **SINGULAR**

A girl's dress A cat's tail A child's toy A man's bike

### PLURAL

Girls' dresses Cats' tails Children's toys Men's bikes

### **8** Prepositions

Where ...? above, under, opposite, behind, in front of, next to, in, on

### 9 'have got / has got'

I have got dark hair. She has got blue eyes.

I've got a sister / dark hair. She's got a brother / a car / blue eyes.

### (O) The past simple tense

You use the past simple tense to talk about the past:

YESTERDAY, LAST WEEK, LAST YEAR, THREE DAYS AGO

### a. 'to be' - was, were

positive

I/he/she/it was You/we/they were

### interrogative

Was I/he/she/it...? Were you/we/they...?

### negative

I/he/she/it was not... You/we/they were not...

**Short forms**: was not = wasn't were not = weren't

**Short answers**: Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't. Yes, we were. / No, we weren't.

### Units 7 - 9

### The past simple tense

b. 'to have' - had

positive

I/he/she/it had We / you / they

interrogative

Did I /he / she / it have..? we / you / they

negative

I/he/she/it did not have... We / you / they

Short form: did not =didn't

Short answers: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

### 2 'some / any'

Did you have **any** fruit for lunch? I had **some** apples. I didn't have **any** fruit.

### The past simple tense

c. regular verbs - 'verb +ed'

positive

I looked... She stopped... They liked...

interrogative

(Where) Did I look? (When) **Did** she **stop**? (What) **Did** they **like**? negative

I did not look... She did not stop... They did not like...

**Short form**: did not = didn't

### The irregular comparison of adjectives

positive good bad much/many

comparative better (than) worse (than) more (than)

superlative the best the worst the most

### **S** Adverbs

How? nicely, quickly, perfectly, loudly, badly, well She sings badly. I cook well.

### 7 The past simple tense

d. irregular verbs - 'went'

positive

She went We saw They bought interrogative

(Where) **Did** she **go**? (What) Did we see? (Why) **Did** they **buy**? negative

### She didn't go We didn't see They didn't buy

### Remember!

You **must** learn the past tense of irregular verbs by heart! See page 109.

### 6 'can / can't'

I can dance. I can't swim. Can you swim? Yes, I can. / No, I can't.

### 8 Possessive pronouns

Whose is it? It's mine/ yours / hers / his / its / ours / theirs.

### Units 10 - 12

### Articles 'a/an, the'

We use:

a/an

Singular objects that you can count:

<u>a table, a</u> boy, <u>an apple</u>

Jobs:

She is an architect

The first time we mention something: **He saw an island.** 

the

When we mention something again: **He saw an island. The island was big.** 

Divore core and accome

Rivers, seas, and oceans: The Sava is a long river.

After 'play' with musical instruments:

She plays the piano.

Superlatives:

Asia is the largest continent.

Ordinal numbers:

the first, the second, the third

Countries with 'United':

the United Kingdom

Surname+s = all the family:

the Browns

**NO** article

People's names, towns, and countries:

John lives in London.

Meals after 'have':

I have breakfast at 8am.

Sports after 'play':

I play football every day.

2 'must / mustn't'

We must hurry. We mustn't be late for school.

3 'can / can't'

Can I use your ruler? Of course, you can. No, sorry, you can't.

The future simple tense – 'will + verb'

You use the future simple tense to talk about your promises and about something that will happen **TOMORROW**, **NEXT WEEK**, **NEXT YEAR** 

positive

I/he/she/it will go.

We/you/they

interrogative

Will I/ he/she/it go? we/ you/ they negative

I/ he/she/it **will not go.** We/you/they

Short forms: I'll write. / I won't eat. Short answers: Yes, I will. / No, I won't.

5 'would like'

You use 'would like' to talk about your wishes.

positive

I/he/she/it would like an apple. We/you/they would like to dance. interrogative

Would she like an apple?
Would they like to dance?

negative

I would not like an apple. We wouldn't like to dance.

**Short forms**: I would = I'd / I would not = I wouldn't

### Irregular verbs

#### PRESENT PAST PAST PARTICIPLE be was, were been bought bought buy catch caught caught choose chose chosen came come come drink drank drunk eat ate eaten found find found forget forgot forgotten get got got give gave given go went gone have had had hear heard heard make made made put put put read read read /ri:d/ /red/ /red/ see saw seen send sent sent sleep slept slept take took taken teach taught taught tell told told wore worn wear written write wrote

### E Phonetic symbols

sho	rt vowels
I	sit
D	hot
Λ	mum
U	b <b>oo</b> k
Э	<b>a</b> bout
e	b <b>e</b> d
æ	h <b>a</b> d

lon	g vowels
i:	street
၁:	door
a:	f <b>a</b> ther
u:	f <b>oo</b> d
3:	g <b>i</b> rl

diphthongs	
еі	d <b>ay</b>
aı	m <b>y</b>
OI	b <b>oy</b>
อบ	n <b>o</b> te
aυ	c <b>ow</b>
d3	<b>J</b> ohn
19	d <b>ear</b>
ບອ	sure
eə	b <b>ear</b>

***********	***************************************
con	sonants
θ	three
ð	<b>th</b> is
ſ	shoe
t∫	<b>ch</b> air
3	u <b>s</b> ually
w	<b>w</b> hat
j	<b>y</b> ou
ŋ	si <b>ng</b>

### F Parts of speech

PRONOUN: I, me, mine, they, them, theirs book, William, love NOUN: be, have, write, can, must VERB:

nice, good, interesting, my ADJECTIVE: **ADVERB:** always, now, nicely, well, here

PREPOSITION: on, in, under, at

ARTICLE: the, a, an

verb

заменица именица

тлагол

→ придев

→ прилог предлог

члан

She always keeps the books pronoun adverb

article

noun preposition article

big adjective box.

### **G** Word sets

DAYS  Monday  Tuesday  Wednesday  Thursday  Friday  Saturday  Sunday	MONTHS  January February March April May June July August September October November December	spring summer autumn winter
bread cake roast beef meat chicken sausages hamburger pizza cheese butter cereal eggs peas cabbage potatoes tomatoes cherries	JOBS  a teacher  a writer  a footballer  a farmer  a singer  a dancer  a reporter  a painter  a waiter  a doctor	to surf screen mouse printer keyboard to print to copy to paste to zoom
apples strawberries pancakes ice cream	an actor an architect a cook	e-mail clipboard

NUMBERS		
1 one	1 <sup>st</sup> the first	
2 two	2 <sup>nd</sup> the second	
3 three	3 <sup>rd</sup> the third	
4 four	4 <sup>th</sup> the fourth	
5 five	5 <sup>th</sup> the fifth	
6 six	6 <sup>th</sup> the sixth	
7 seven	7 <sup>th</sup> the seventh	
8 eight	8 <sup>th</sup> the eighth	
9 nine	9 <sup>th</sup> the ninth	
10 ten	10 <sup>th</sup> the tenth	
11 eleven	11 <sup>th</sup> the eleventh	
12 twelve	12 <sup>th</sup> the twelfth	
13 thirteen	13 <sup>th</sup> the thirteenth	
20 twenty	20 <sup>th</sup> the twentieth	
21 twenty-one	21st the twenty-first	
30 thirty	30 <sup>th</sup> the thirtieth	
32 thirty-two	32 <sup>nd</sup> the thirty-second	
40 forty	40 <sup>th</sup> the fortieth	
43 forty-three	43 <sup>rd</sup> the forty-third	
50 fifty	50 <sup>th</sup> the fiftieth	
55 fifty-five	55 <sup>th</sup> the fifty-fifth	
60 sixty	60 <sup>th</sup> the sixtieth	
66 sixty-six	66 <sup>th</sup> the sixty-sixth	
70 seventy	70 <sup>th</sup> the seventieth	
71 seventy-one	71 <sup>st</sup> the seventy-first	
80 eighty	80 <sup>th</sup> the eightieth	
88 eighty-eight	88 <sup>th</sup> the eighty-eighth	
90 ninety	90 <sup>th</sup> the ninetieth	
99 ninety-nine	99 <sup>th</sup> the ninety-ninth	
100 a hundred		
101 a hundred and one		
200 two hundred		
303 three hundred and three		
1000 a thousand		
2007 two thousand and seven		

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### ENJOYING ENGLISH 5 – Енглески језик за 5. разред основне школе

Прво издање, 2018. година

### Издавач

Завод за уџбенике Београд, Обилићев венац 5 www.zavod.co.rs

### Ликовни уредник

Аида Спасић

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Горана Раичевић

### Дизајн и компјутерска обрада

Горана Раичевић Татјана Вукмировић

### Коректура

Завода за уџбенике

Обим: 14 штампарских табака

Формат: 20,5 × 26,5 cm Тираж: 3000 примерака

Рукопис предат у штампу јула 2018. године Штампање завршено августа 2018. године

Штампа Планета принт, Београд